

FEATURES

- PROTECTION AGAINST "LOAD DUMP" PULSE
- 40A DIODE TO GUARD AGAINST BATTERY REVERSAL
- MONOLITHIC STRUCTURE FOR GREATER RELIABILITY
- BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE : 24 V min.
- CLAMPING VOLTAGE : ± 40 V max.
- COMPLIANT WITH ISO / DTR 7637

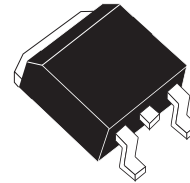
DESCRIPTION

Designed to protect against battery reversal and load dump overvoltages in automotive applications, this monolithic component offers multiple functions in the same package :

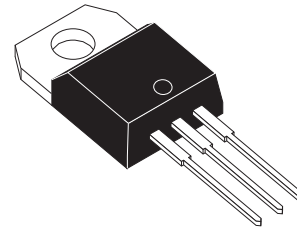
D1 : reversed battery protection

T1 : clamping against negative overvoltages

T2 : Transil function against "load dump" effect.

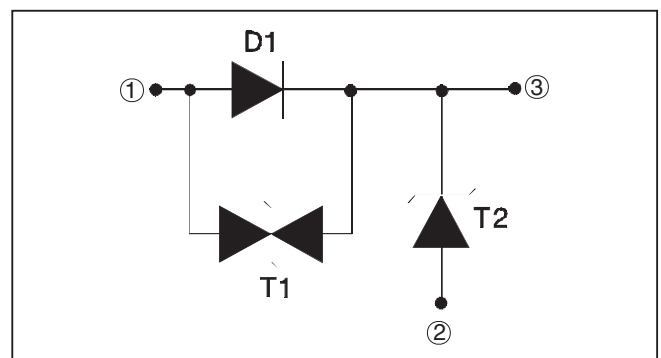


D²PAK
RBO40-40G



TO220-AB
RBO40-40T

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



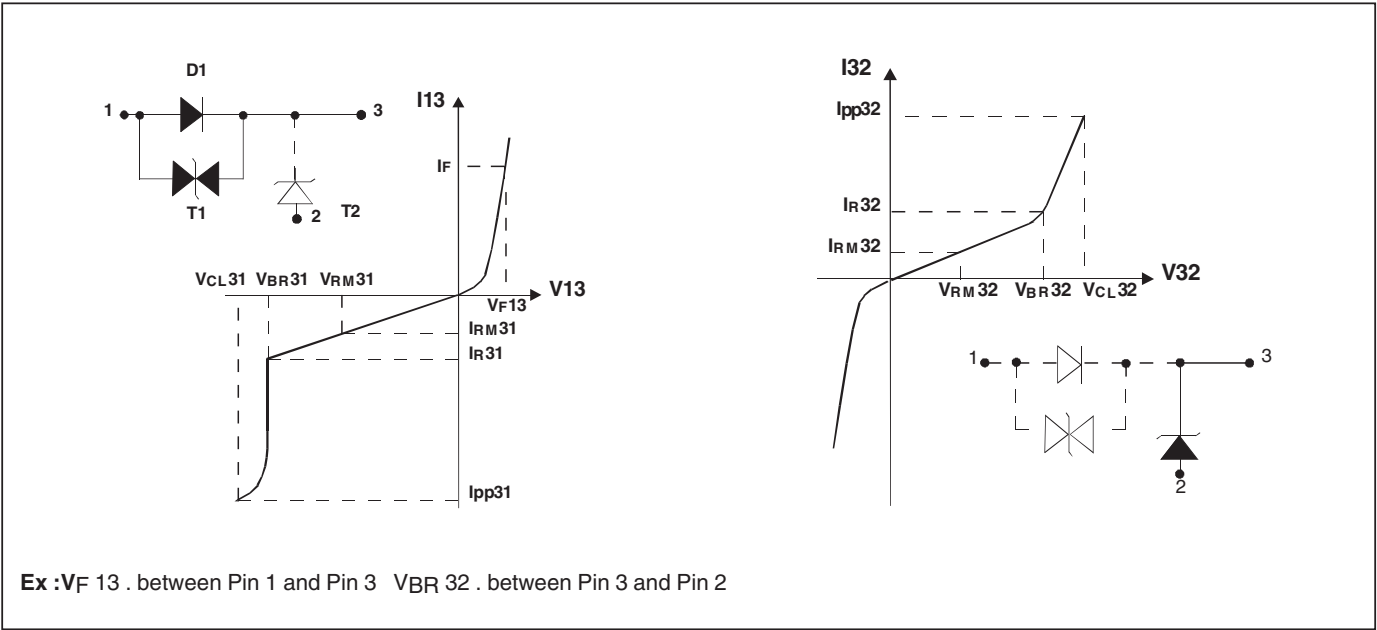
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
I_{FSM}	Non repetitive surge peak forward current (Diode D1)	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	120	A
I_F	DC forward current (Diode D1)	$T_c = 75^{\circ}\text{C}$	40	A
V_{PP}	Peak load dump voltage (see note 1 and 2) 5 pulses (1 minute between each pulse)		80	V
P_{PP}	Peak pulse power between Input and Output (Transil T1) $T_j\text{ initial} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	10/1000 μs	1500	W
T_{stg}/T_j	Storage and operating junction temperature range		- 40 to + 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering during 10 s at 4.5mm from case for TO220-AB		260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note 1 : for a surge greater than the maximum value, the device will fail in short-circuit.
Note 2 : see Load Dump curves.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Junction to case	RBO40-40G RBO40-40T	1.0 1.0	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Junction to ambient	RBO40-40T	60	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$



Symbol	Parameter
V_{RM31}/V_{RM32}	Stand-off voltage Transil T1 / Transil T2.
V_{BR31}/V_{BR32}	Breakdown voltage Transil T1 / Transil T2.
I_{R31}/I_{R32}	Leakage current Transil T1 / Transil T2.
V_{CL31}/V_{CL32}	Clamping voltage Transil T1 / Transil T2.
V_{F13}	Forward voltage drop Diode D1.
I_{PP}	Peak pulse current.
αT	Temperature coefficient of V_{BR} .
C_{31}/C_{32}	Capacitance Transil T1 / Transil T2.
C_{13}	Capacitance of Diode D1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS : DIODE D1 (- 40°C < T_{amb} < + 85°C)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{F13}	$I_F = 40\text{ A}$			1.9	V
V_{F13}	$I_F = 20\text{ A}$			1.45	V
V_{F13}	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$			1	V
V_{F13}	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$			0.95	V
C_{13}	$F = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_R = 0\text{ V}$		3000		pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS : TRANSIL T1 (- 40°C < T_{amb} < + 85°C)

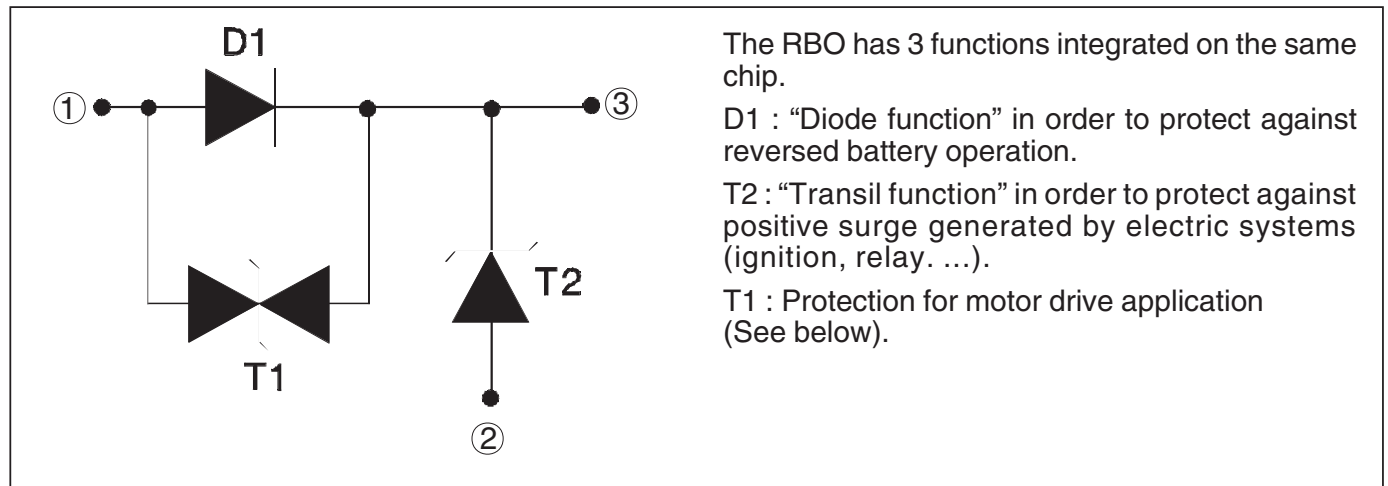
Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{BR31}	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$	22		35	V
V_{BR31}	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	24		32	V
I_{RM31}	$V_{RM} = 20\text{ V}$			100	μA
I_{RM31}	$V_{RM} = 20\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			10	μA
V_{CL31}	$I_{PP} = 37.5\text{ A}$, $T_j \text{ initial} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 10/1000 μs			40	V
αT	Temperature coefficient of V_{BR}			9	$10^{-4}/^\circ\text{C}$
C_{31}	$F = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_R = 0\text{ V}$		3000		pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS : TRANSIL T2 (- 40°C < T_{amb} < + 85°C)

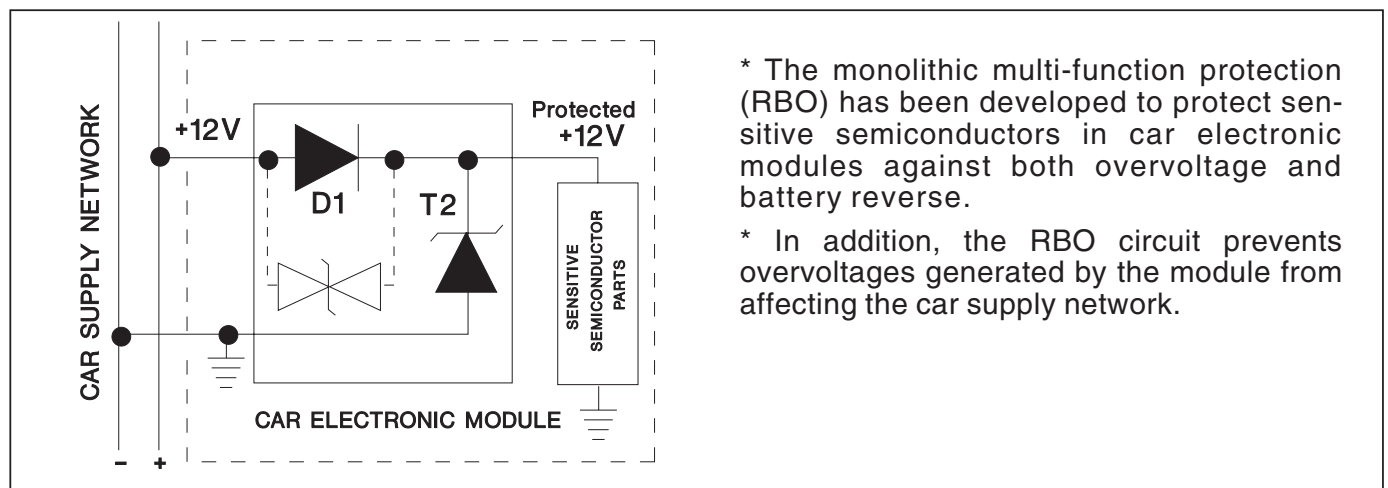
Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{BR32}	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$	22		35	V
V_{BR32}	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	24		32	V
I_{RM32}	$V_{RM} = 20\text{ V}$			100	μA
I_{RM32}	$V_{RM} = 20\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			10	μA
V_{CL32}	$I_{PP} = 20\text{ A}$ (note 1)			40	V
αT	Temperature coefficient of V_{BR}			9	$10^{-4}/^\circ\text{C}$
C_{32}	$F = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_R = 0\text{ V}$		8000		pF

Note 1 : One pulse, see pulse definition in load dump test generator circuit.

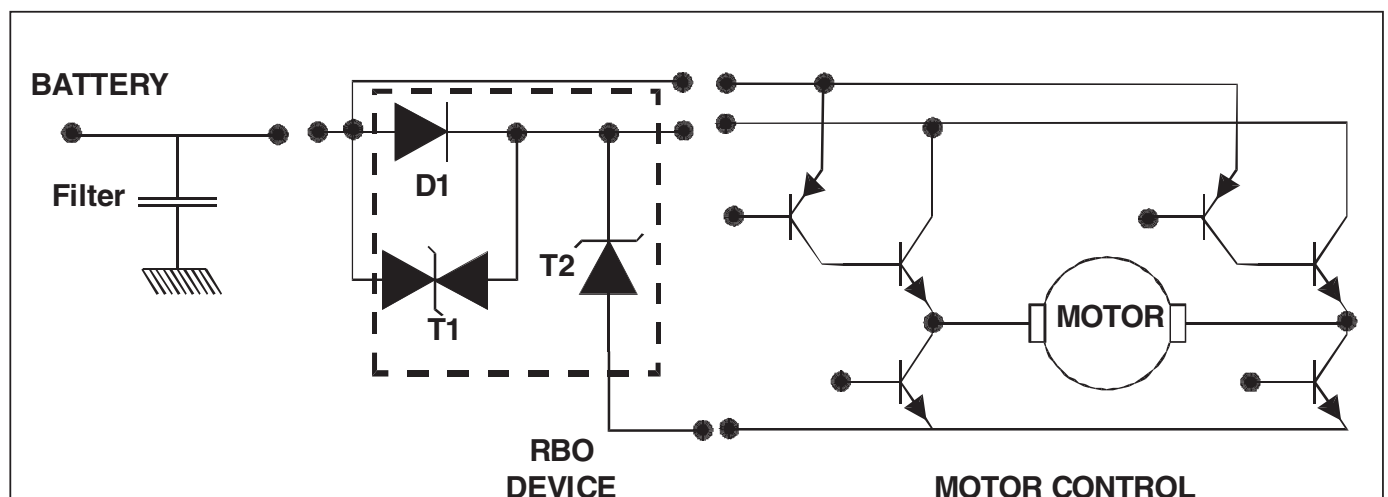
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



BASIC APPLICATION



MOTOR DRIVER APPLICATION



In this application, one half of the motor drive circuit is supplied through the “RBO” and is thus protected as per its basic function application.

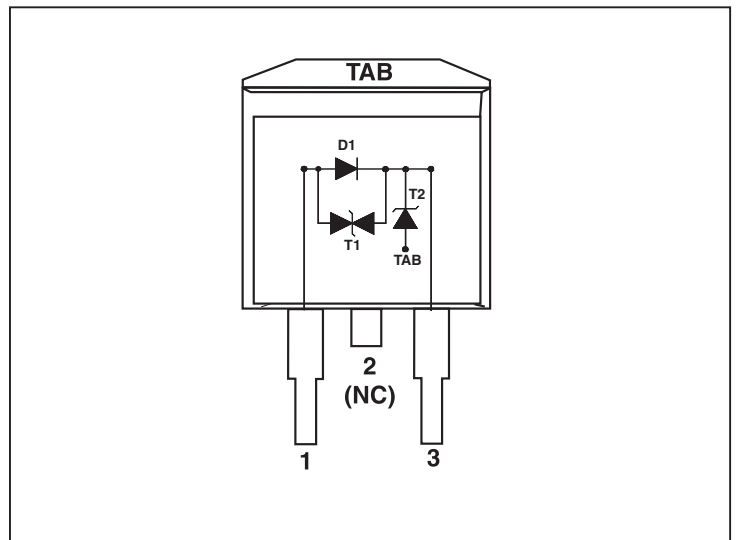
The second part is connected directly to the “car supply network” and is protected as follows :

- For positive surges : T2 (clamping phase) and D1 in forward-biased.
- For negative surges : T1 (clamping phase) and T2 in forward-biased.

PINOUT configuration in D²PAK :

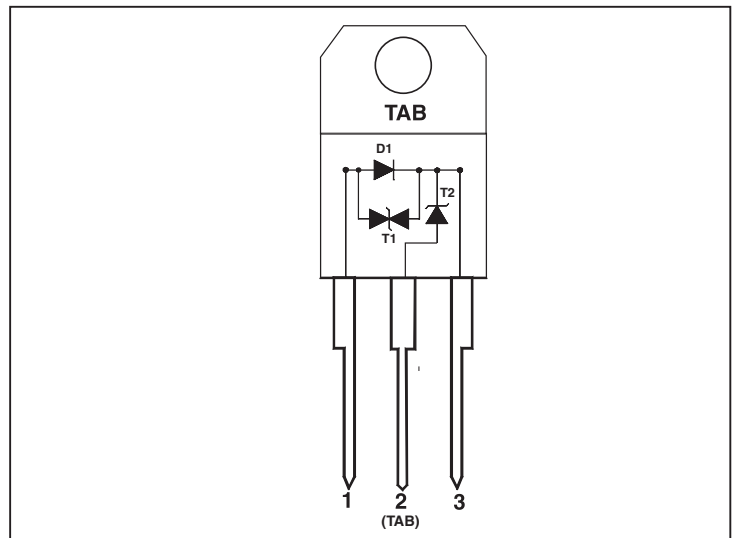
- Input (1): Pin 1
- Output (3): Pin 3
- Gnd (2): Connected to base Tab

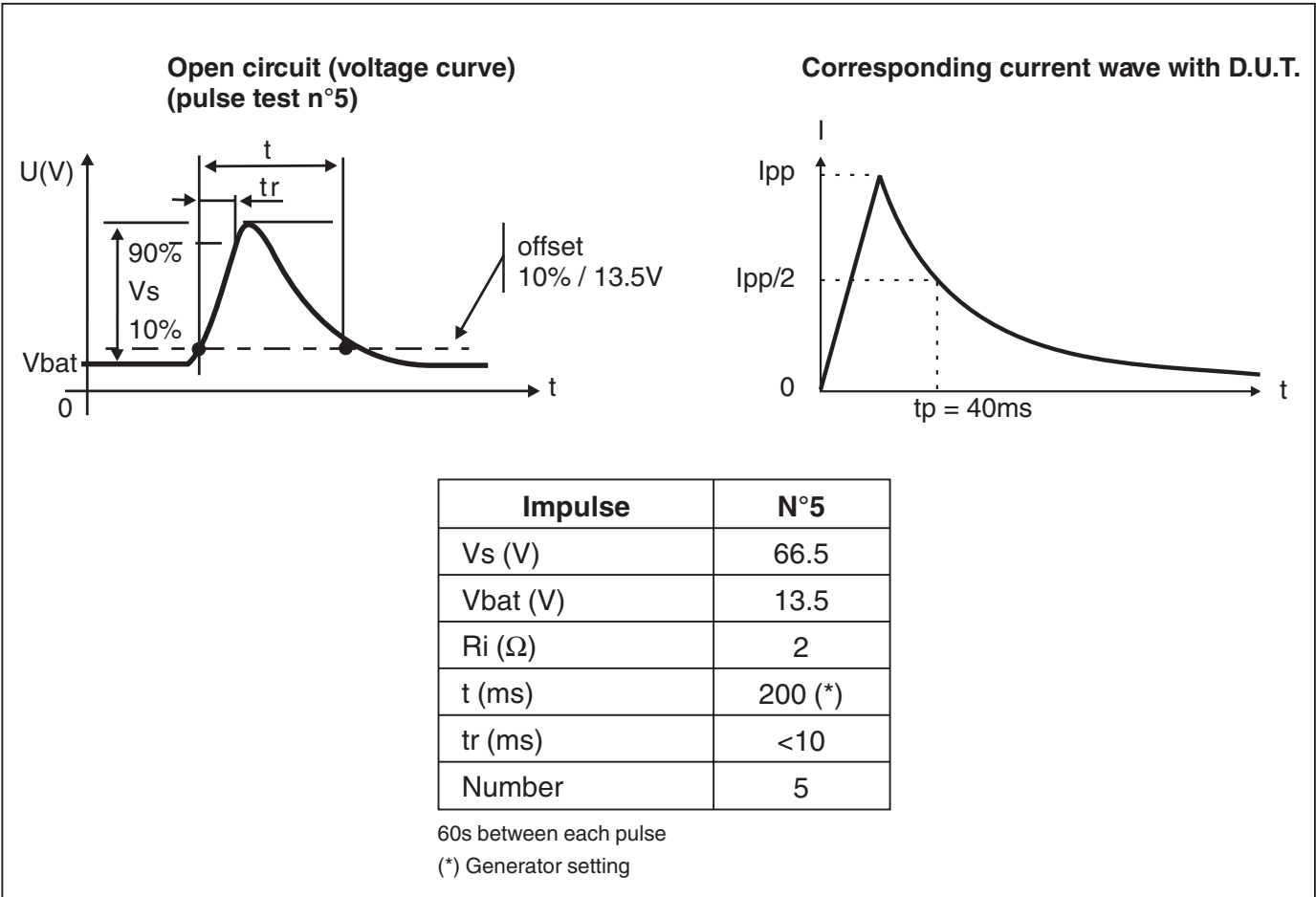
Marking : Logo, date code, RBO40-40G

**PINOUT configuration in TO220AB :**

- Input (1): Pin 1
- Output (3): Pin 3
- GND (2): Connected to base Tab

Marking : Logo, date code, RBO40-40T

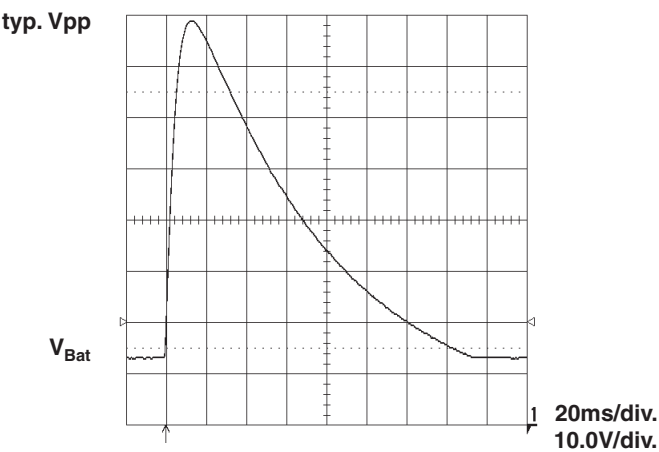




CALIBRATION METHOD FOR SCHAFFNER NSG 506 C

- 1) With open circuit (generator is in open circuit):
 - calibrate Vs
- 2) With short circuit (generator is in short circuit):
 - calibrate Ri (Ri = 2Ω)
- 3) With D.U.T.
 - calibrate tp (tp = 40ms @ Ipp/2)

Typical Voltage curve (open circuit)



Typical Voltage and Current curve with D.U.T.

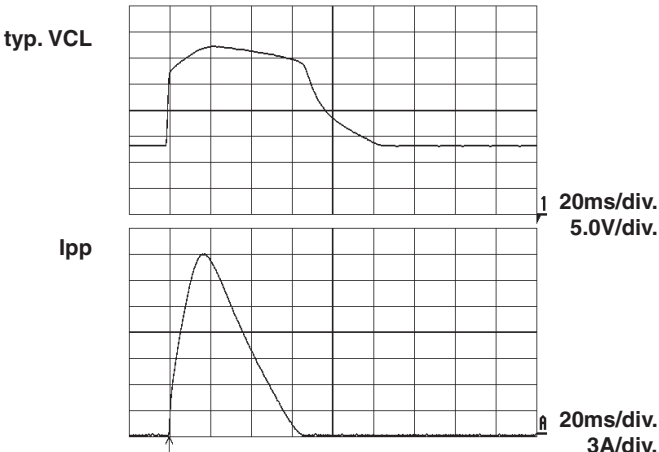


Fig. 1 : Peak pulse power versus exponential pulse duration (T_j initial = 85°C).

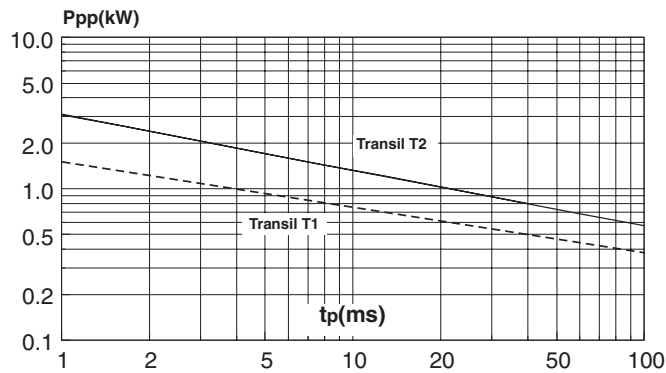


Fig. 2-1 : Clamping voltage versus peak pulse current (T_j initial = 85°C).

Exponential waveform $t_p = 40$ ms and $t_p = 1$ ms (TRANSIL T2).

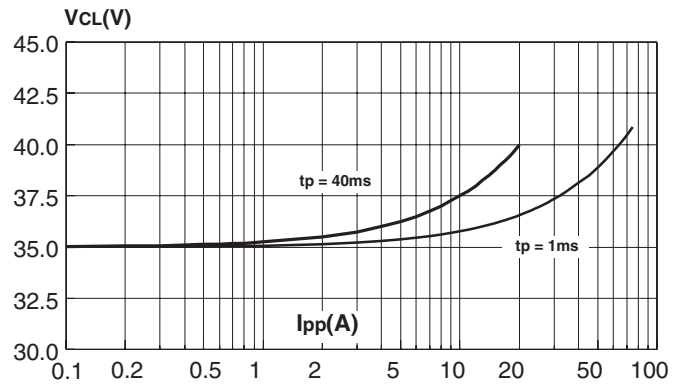


Fig. 2-2 : Clamping voltage versus peak pulse current (T_j initial = 85°C).

Exponential waveform $t_p = 1$ ms and $t_p = 20$ μ s (TRANSIL T1).

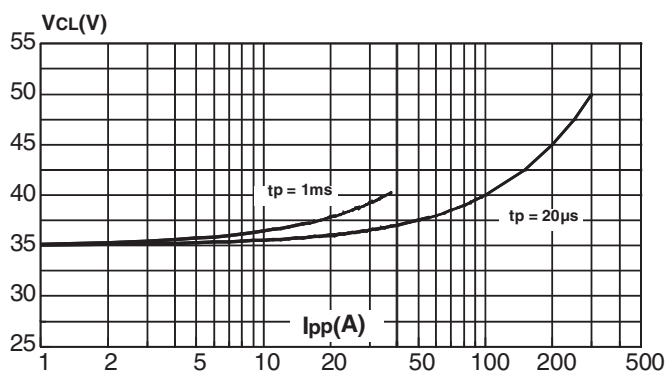


Fig. 3 : Relative variation of peak pulse power versus junction temperature.

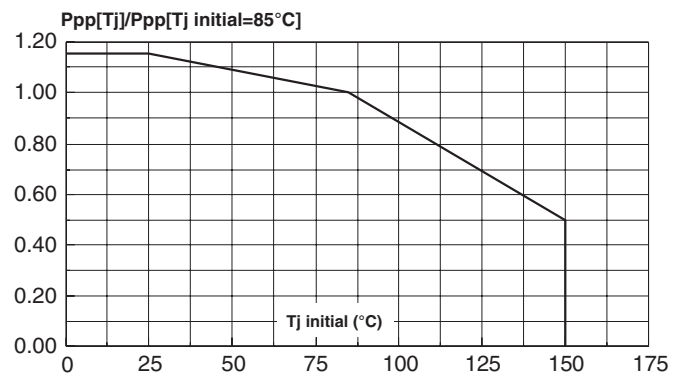


Fig. 4 : Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.

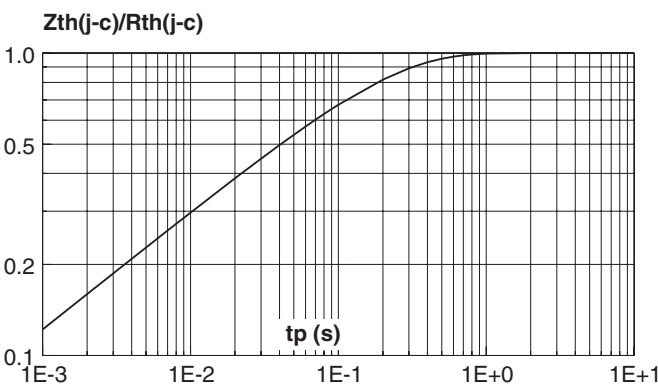


Fig. 5-1 : Peak forward voltage drop versus peak forward current (typical values) - (TRANSIL T2).

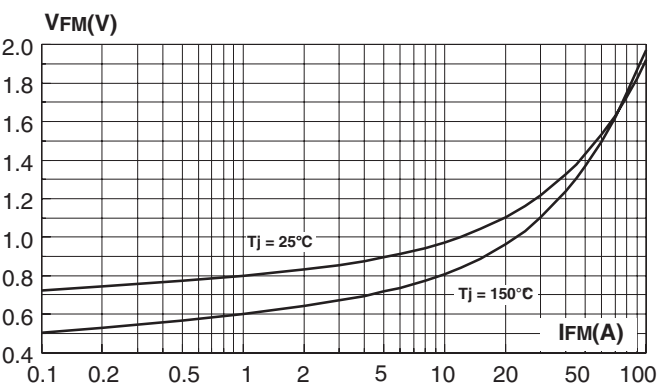


Fig. 5-2 : Peak forward voltage drop versus peak forward current (typical values) - (DIODE D1).

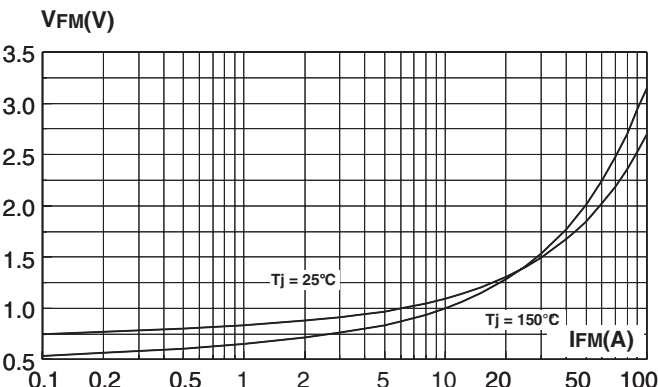
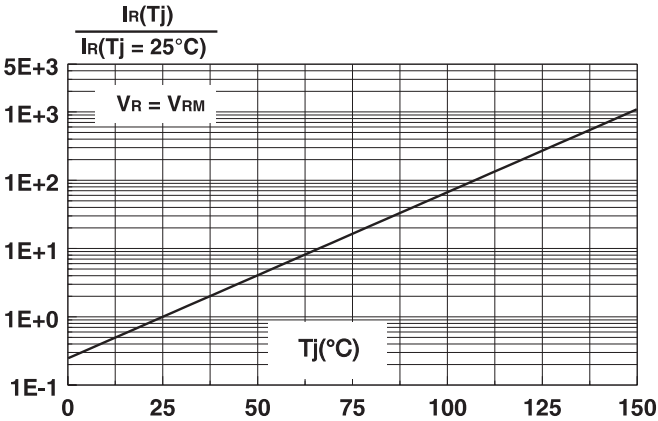
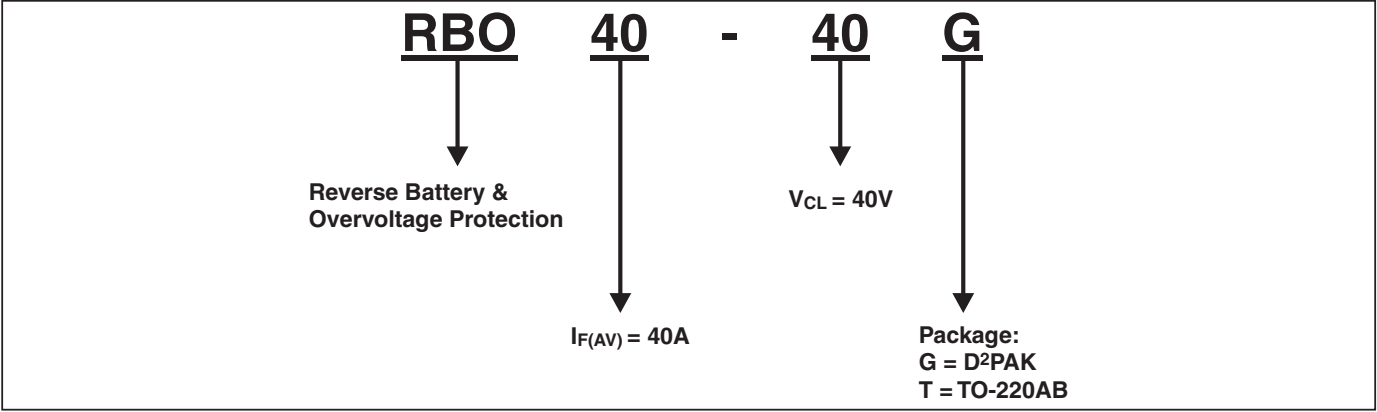


Fig. 6 : Relative variation of leakage current versus junction temperature.

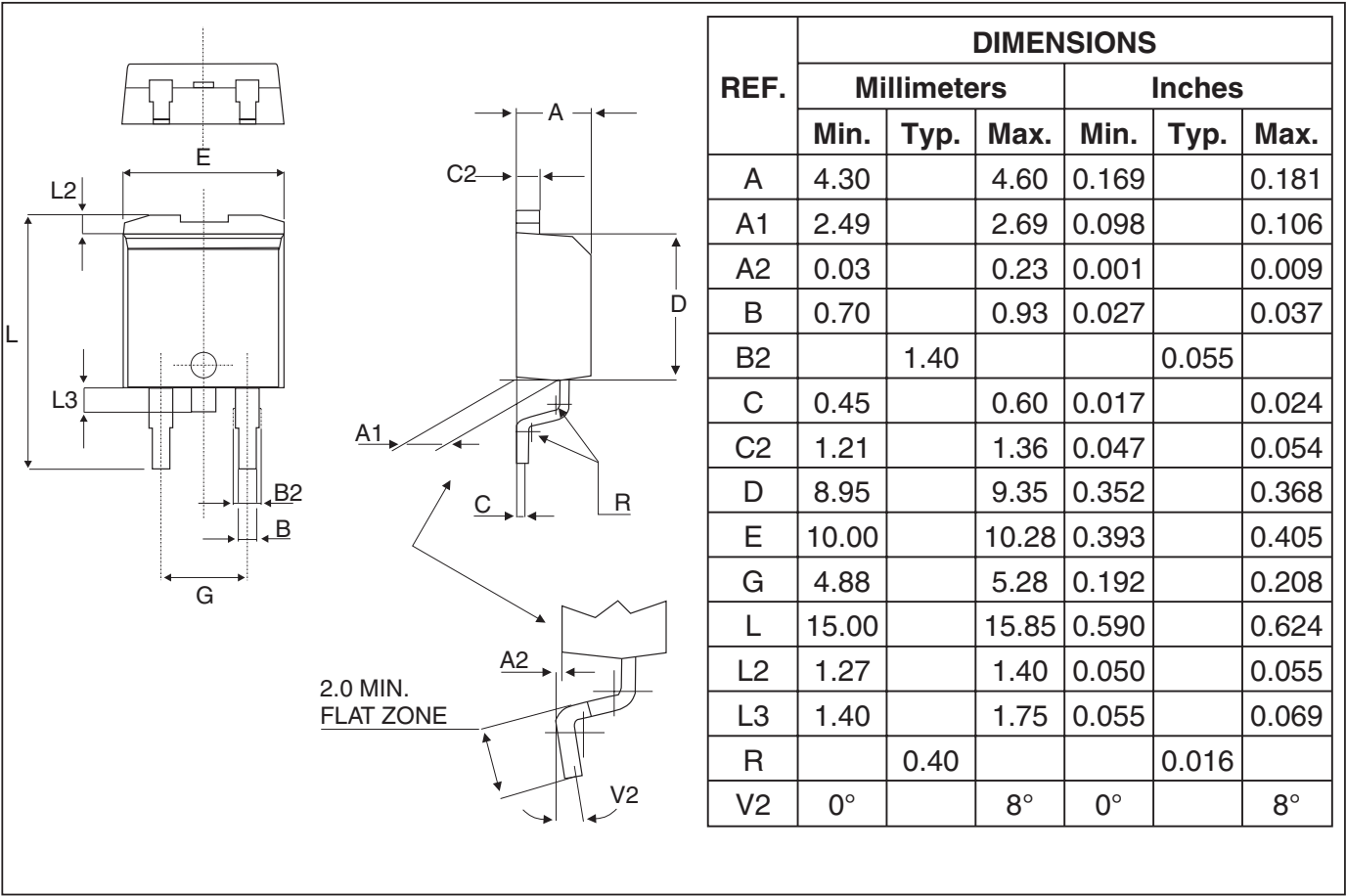


ORDERING INFORMATION

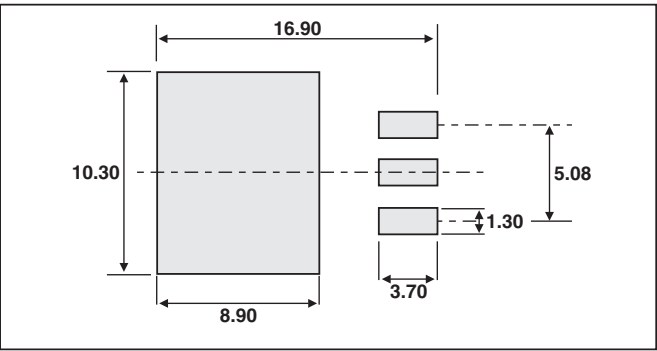


PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

D²PAK Plastic

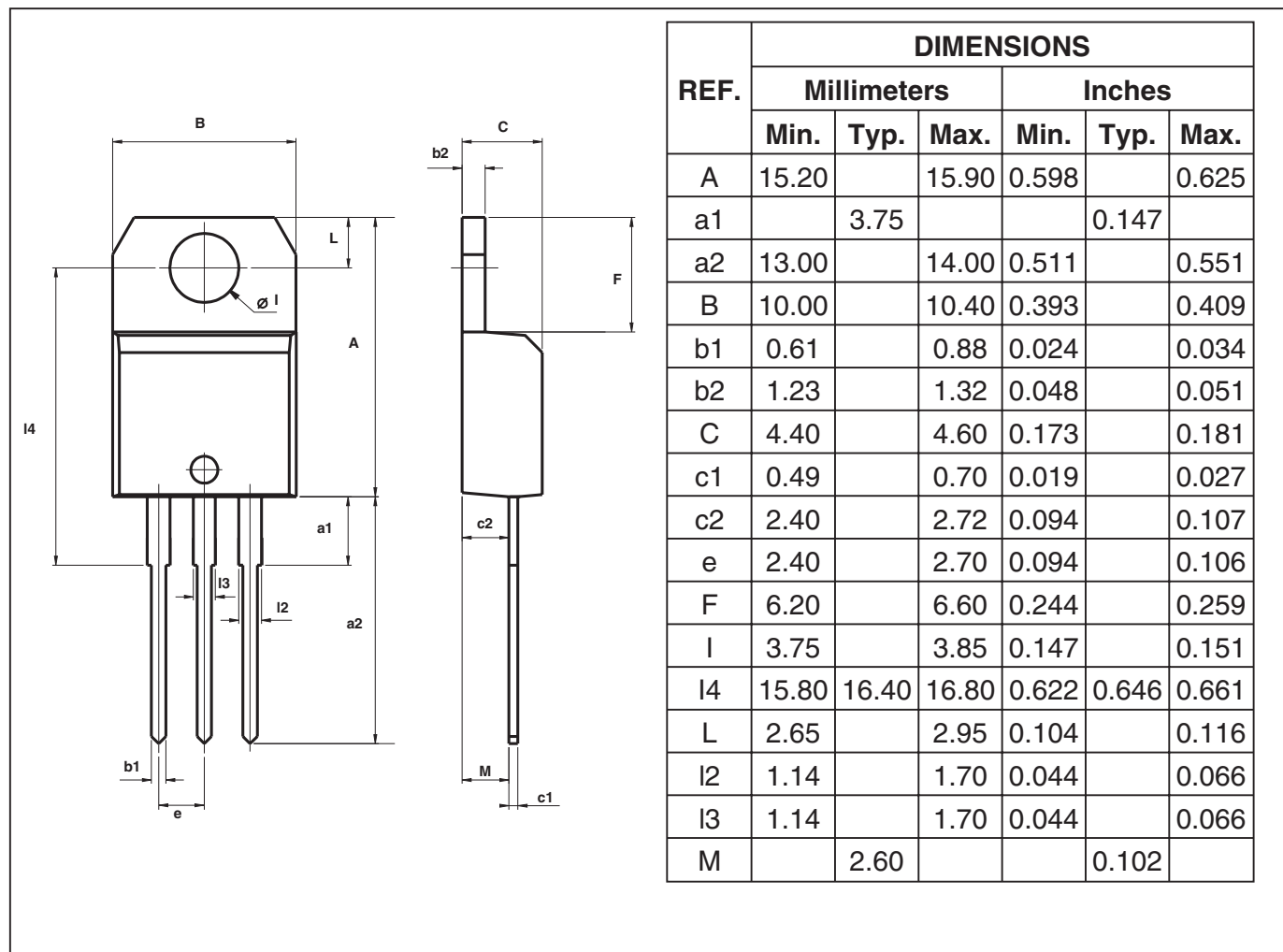


FOOT-PRINT (in millimeters)
D²PAK



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

TO-220AB Plastic



Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, STMicroelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of STMicroelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. STMicroelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of STMicroelectronics.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics.

All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2005 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved.

STMicroelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany -
Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Singapore - Spain -
Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States

www.st.com