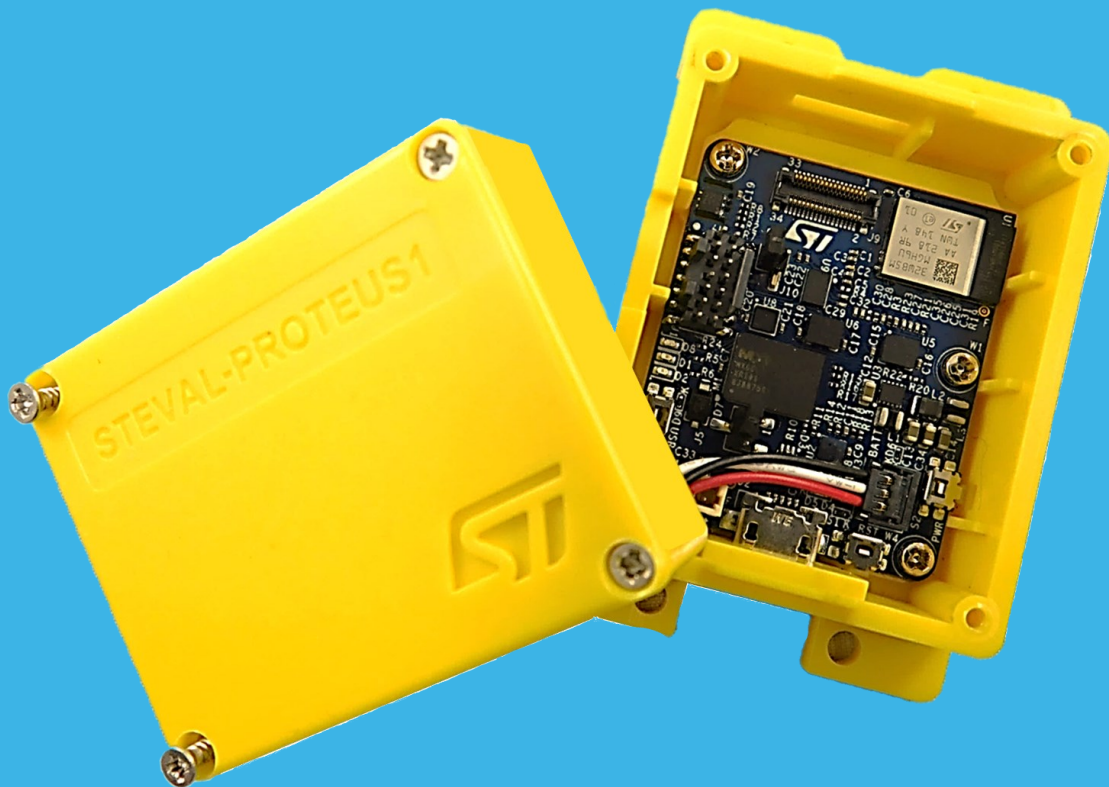




life.augmented

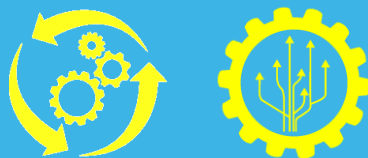
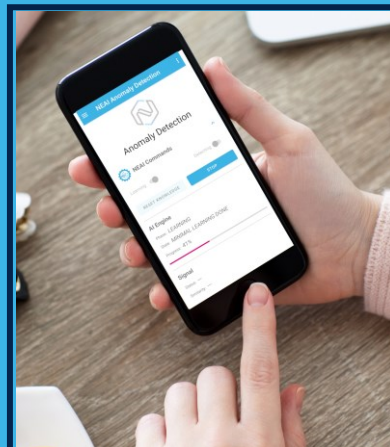


Quick Start Guide

STM32Cube function pack for STEVAL-PROTEUS1
evaluation kit for predictive maintenance application
based on artificial intelligence (AI)

(FP-AI-PDMWBSOC)

Version 2.1 (15, Jun 2023)



Agenda

- 1 Hardware and Software overview
- 2 Setup & Demo Examples
- 3 Documents & Related Resources
- 4 STM32 Open Development Environment: Overview

1- Hardware and Software overview

STEVAL – PROTEUS1

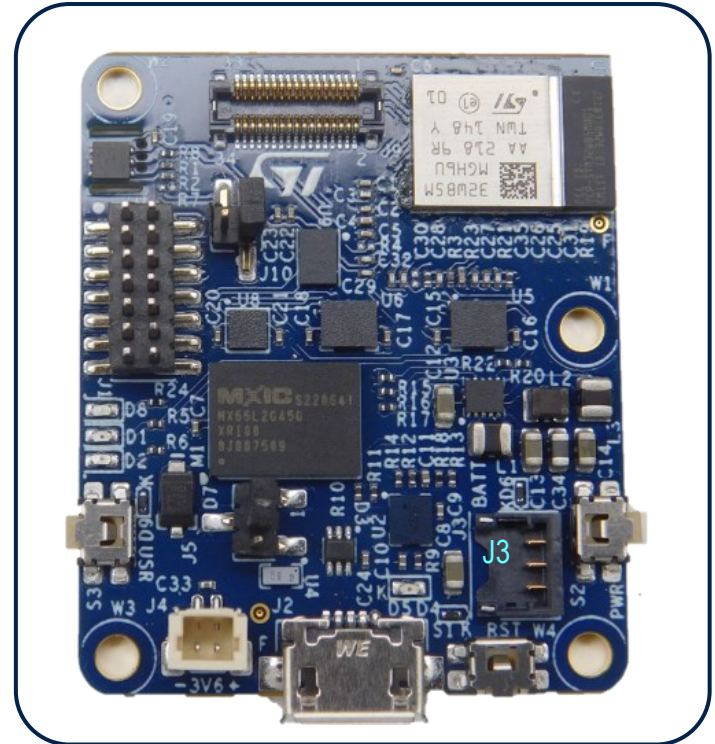
Hardware Overview

Industrial sensor evaluation kit for condition monitoring based on 2.4 GHz STM32WB5MMG module

The STEVAL-PROTEUS1 is an evaluation tool designed for temperature and vibration monitoring, based on a 2.4 GHz multiprotocol wireless SoC to address machine or facility condition monitoring for industrial applications. All components are mounted exclusively on the top side of the PCB to ensure an easy mounting on other equipment.

Key Features

- Kit content: the **STEVAL-PROTEUS** main board, LiPo battery 3.7 V, 480 mAh, plastic case and screws
- **STEVAL-PROTEUS**: STM32WB5MMG - ultra-low-power module, dual core 32-bit Arm Cortex-M4 MCU 64 MHz, Cortex-M0+ 32 MHz for real-time radio layer, with 1 Mbyte of flash memory, 256kbyte SRAM, and 2.4GHz RF supporting Bluetooth® Low Energy 5, 802.15.4, Zigbee 3.0, and Thread
- **IIS3DWB** - ultra-wide bandwidth up to 6 kHz, low noise, 3-axis digital accelerometer
- **ISM330DHCX** - iNEMO inertial module with machine learning core and finite state machine with digital output
- **IIS2DLPC** - high-performance ultra-low-power 3-axis digital accelerometer
- **STTS22H** - low-voltage, ultra-low-power, 0.5°C accuracy I²C/SMBus 3.0 temperature sensor
- Memory & Secure: 2Gb QSPI NOR flash memory for data storage, STSAFE-A110 - secure element
- Power: **STBC02** - Li-Ion linear battery charger with LDO, **ST1PS02** - step-down converter with digital voltage selection
- HMI: 3 push-buttons (Reset, User, Power-on with battery), 4 LEDs (three user LEDs, one STBC02 LED status)
- Flexible power supply options - LiPo battery, USB power, and primary battery
- Connectors: SWD connector for debugging and programming capability, 34-pin expansion connector compliant with STMOD+



Latest info available at:

<https://www.st.com/en/evaluation-tools/steval-proteus1.html>

Contains:

FCC ID: YCP-STM32WB5M001

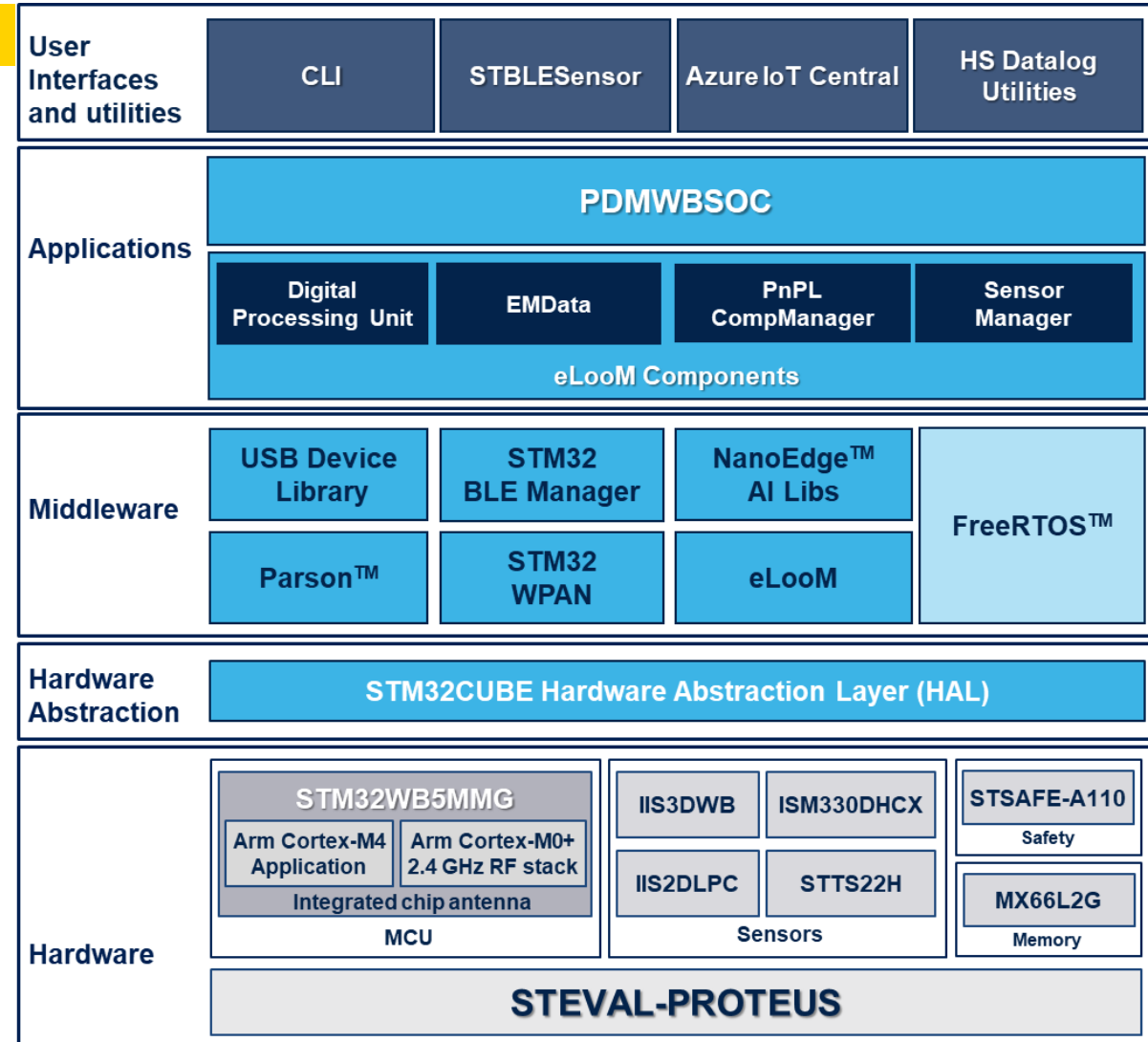
IC: 8976A-STM32WB5M01

FP-AI-PDMWBSOC

FW Architecture

Key Features

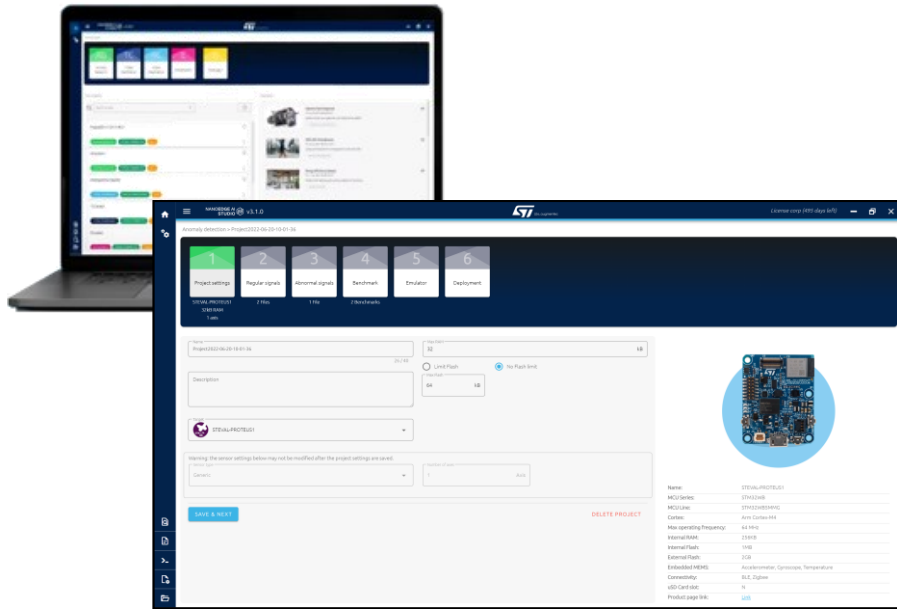
- ❑ Complete firmware to acquire motion sensor data, process them for Anomaly Detection or N-Class classification, in order to send the results to the **STBLESenseClassic** mobile app and/or a PC terminal console.
- ❑ Embedded software, middleware and drivers
 - FreeRTOS
 - eLooM to enable modularity and code re-usability at application level
 - STM32 WPAN
 - NanoEdgeAI (NEAI) Anomaly Detection and N-Classification compiled libraries
- ❑ Compatible with **NanoEdge™ AI Studio** to enable AI-based solution
- ❑ BLE application compatible with **STBLESenseClassic** (Android, iOS) for the following tasks:
 - Control and monitor the NEAI libraries execution
 - Change the application libraries properties using a new dedicated setting page
 - Bridging data to Microsoft Azure IoT Central Cloud
 - Firmware upgrade via FUOTA.
- ❑ NanoEdgeAI Anomaly Detection model storage (on embedded flash memory)
- ❑ Utilities folder including:
 - Bootloader to allow the BLE FUOTA
 - HS_Datalog with FUOTA capability in binary format
 - Batch files to launch python scripts to run DATALOG application and to convert datasets
 - BLE stack (Binary) for STM32WB coprocessor.



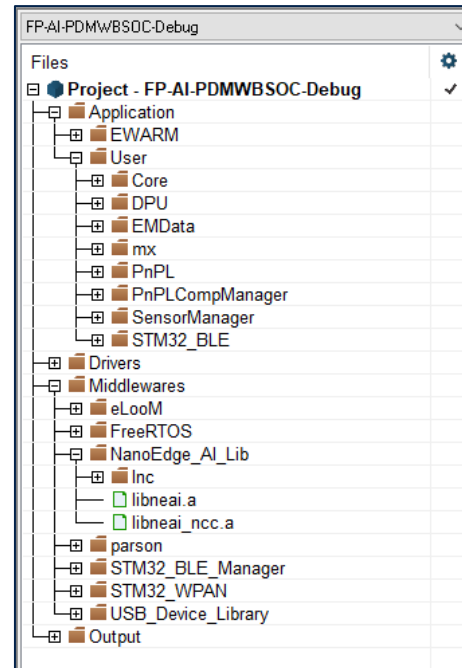
STEVAL-PROTEUS

FP-AI-PDMWBSOC Ecosystem

Complete turnkey solution from Datalog to Anomaly Detection and Classification status on Mobile App and up to Cloud



STEVAL-PROTEUS1 supported
in [NanoEdge AI Studio](#) [v3.3.2]



2- Setup & Demo Examples

Setup & Demo Examples

Software prerequisites

- **STM32CubeProgrammer Software**
 - Download and install [STM32CubeProgrammer](#)
- **FP-AI-PDMWBSOC**
 - Copy the .zip file content into a folder on your PC. The package will contain source code example (Keil, IAR, STM32CubeIDE) based on **STEVAL-PROTEUS**
- **ST BLE Sensor Classic**
 - Application for [Android](#) (from v4.20) / [iOS](#) (from v4.20) to download from Play Store / App Store

STEVAL-PROTEUS1 kit is not preprogrammed with **FP-AI-PDMWBSOC**
To update the firmware, please follow the instructions available in slide 14-17

Setup & Demo Examples

Hardware prerequisites

Recommended

- 1 STEVAL-PROTEUS1 evaluation kit
- 1 Laptop/PC with Windows 7, 8 or 10
- 1 USB micro-B cable to supply the sensor-board by PC
- 1 smartphone with ST BLE Sensor Classic App (Android or IOS)

Optional (just for debugging and programming)

- 1 STLINK-V3MINI (or V3MINIE)
- 1 USB micro-B (or Type-C) cable to connect the STLINK-V3MINI (or V3MINIE)



STEVAL-PROTEUS

USB micro-B



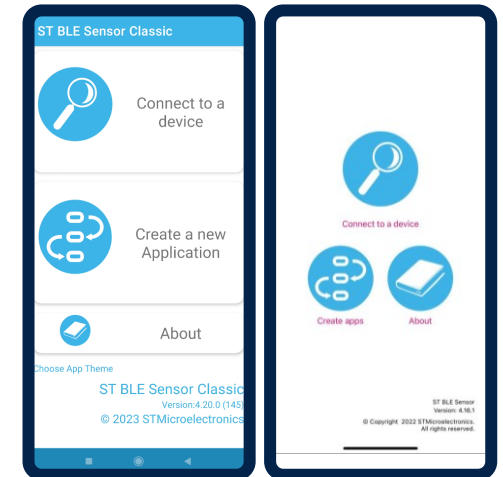
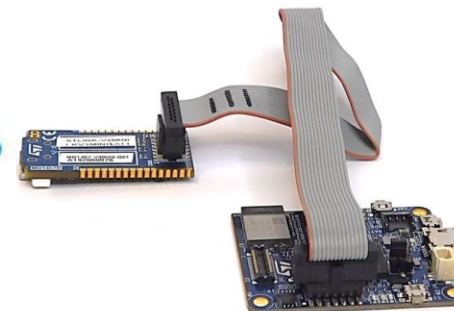
USB Type-C



STLINK-V3MINI



STLINK-V3MINIE



ST BLE Sensor Classic

2.1- Setup Overview

STEVAL-PROTEUS1

Unboxing



5

Lock the top case to the bottom one with the last four screws included in the kit.

4

Plug the battery connector on J3

3

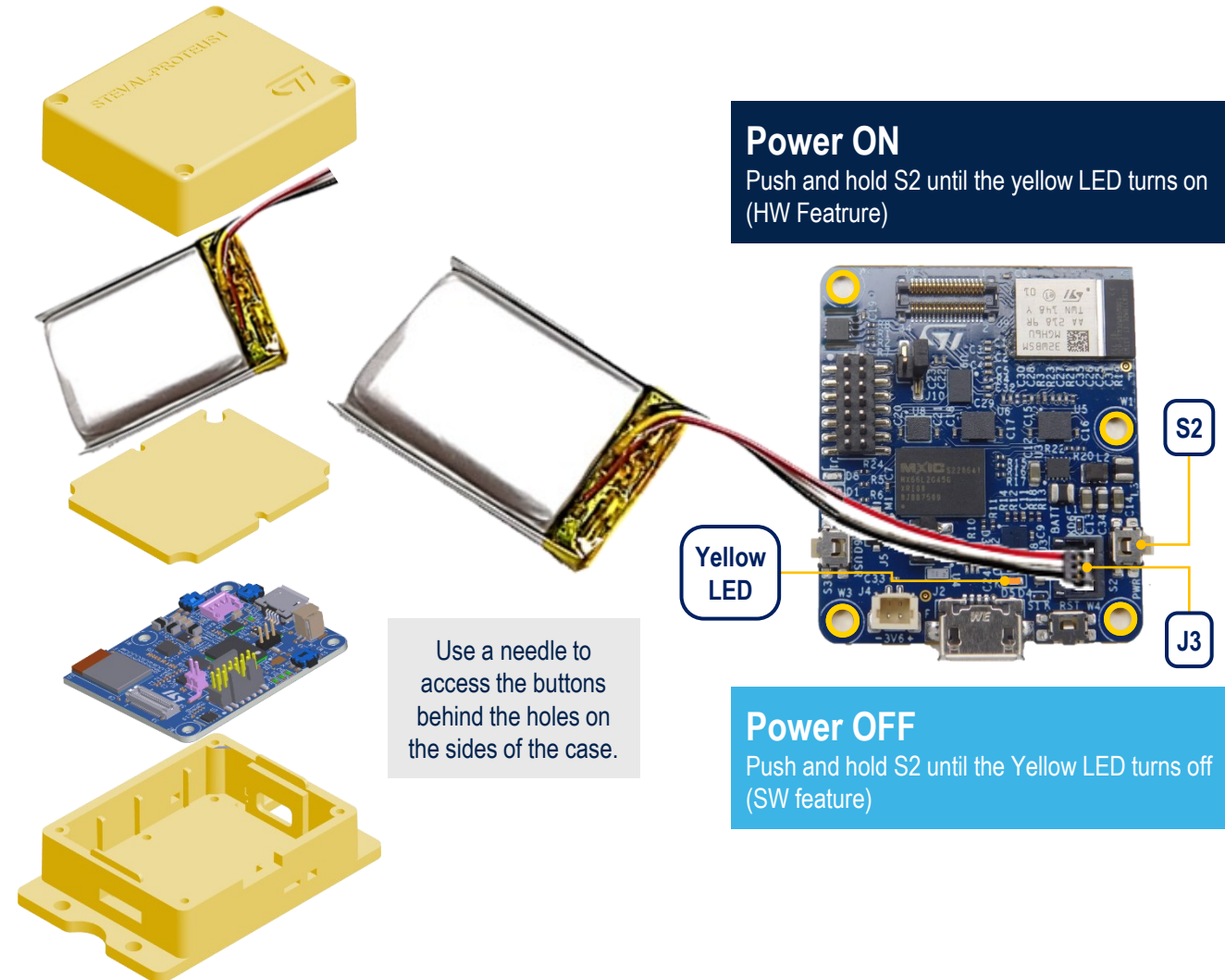
Put the cover on the battery and close it using two screws.

2

Put the Li-Po battery in the top case, insert the battery cable into the dedicated hole.

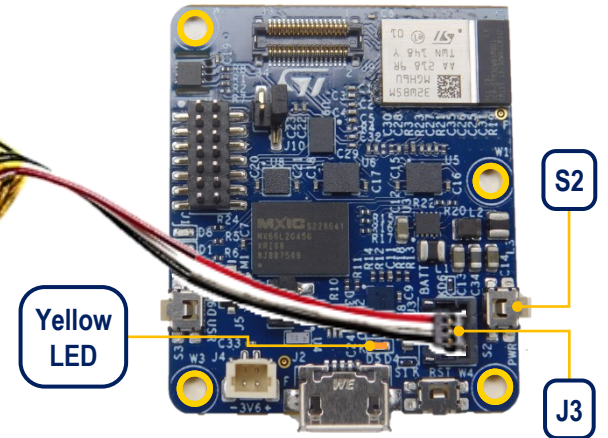
1

Fix the main board to the case bottom with the four screws included in the kit.



Power ON

Push and hold S2 until the yellow LED turns on (HW Feature)



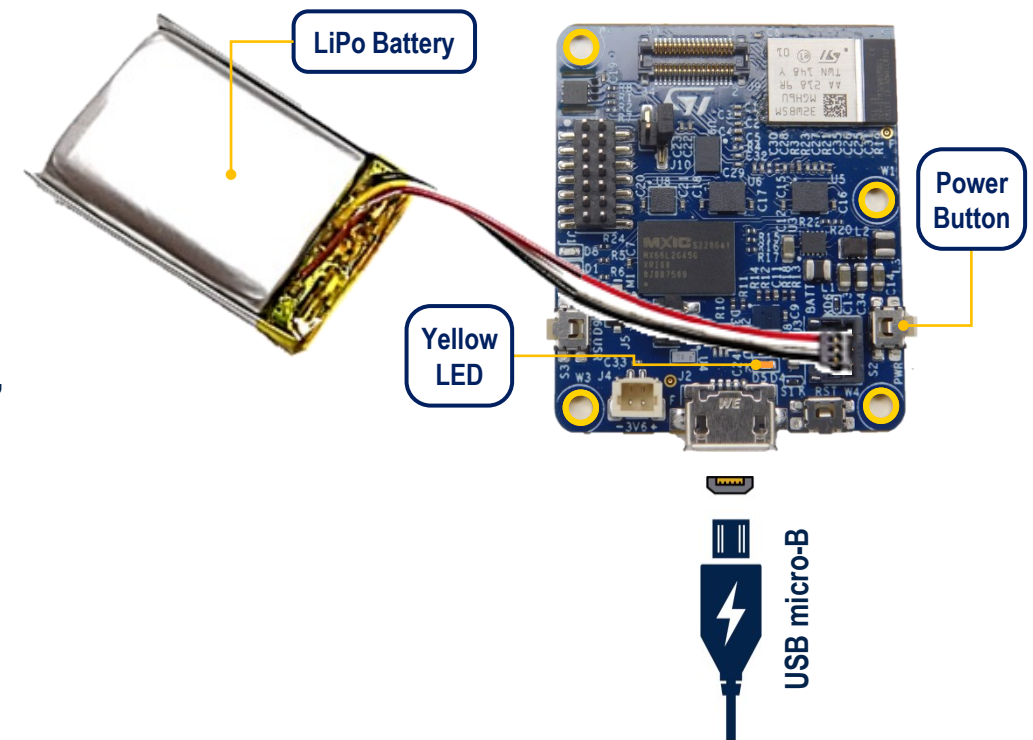
Power OFF

Push and hold S2 until the Yellow LED turns off (SW feature)

STEVAL-PROTEUS1

Power ON/OFF

- **Battery operated only** (no USB cable):
 - **Power ON:** push and hold the power button until the yellow LED turns on (~3 sec).
 - **Power OFF:** push and hold the power button until the yellow LED turns off (~3 sec).
- **Plugged mode** (USB cable)
 - **Power ON:** when USB is plugged-in, the STEVAL-PROTEUS is always on. It doesn't matter if the battery is present or not.
 - **Power OFF:** unplug the USB cable and, if the battery is connected, act as described above.



STEVAL-PROTEUS Setup

Firmware update

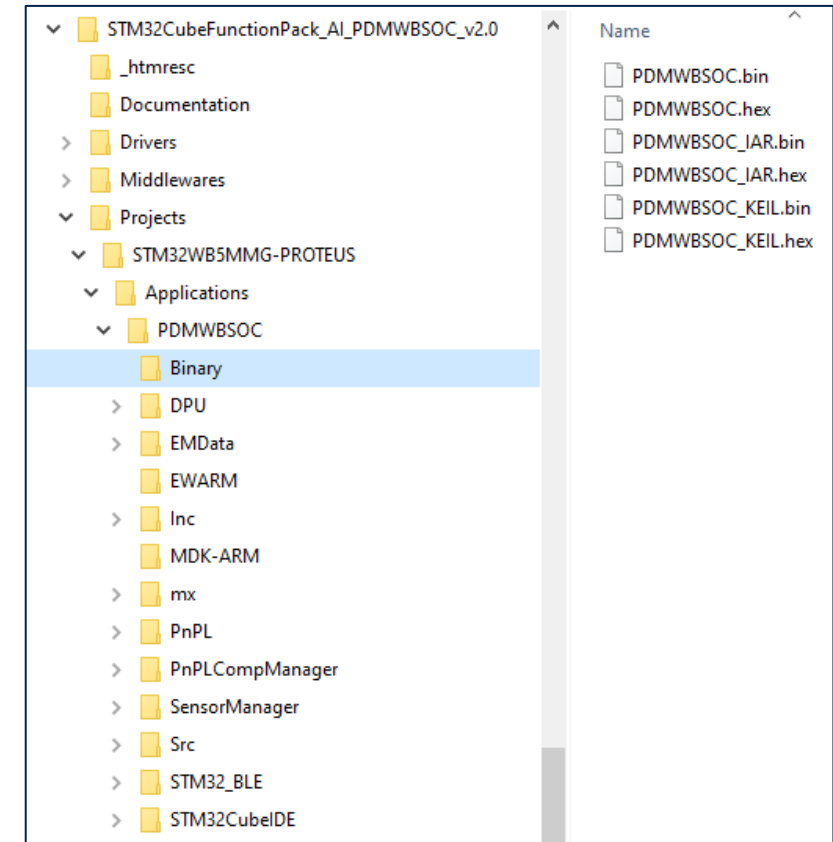
STEVAL-PROTEUS evaluation board is pre-programmed with another default application so, it must be update downloading the FP-AI-PDMWBSOC application.

The easiest way is to use the **pre-compiled binary** provided in the package in the following folder:

Projects\STM32WB5MMG-PROTEUS\Applications\PDMWBSOC\Binary

To update the firmware the user can choose one of the following procedure:

- Save the same binary file (in *.bin format) in your mobile device and upgrade firmware by FUOTA using ST BLE Sensor Classic Mobile App.
- Connect the STEVAL-PROTEUS board to the STLINK-V3MINI (or V3MINIE) programmer, and then use the [STM32CubeProgrammer](#) tool.

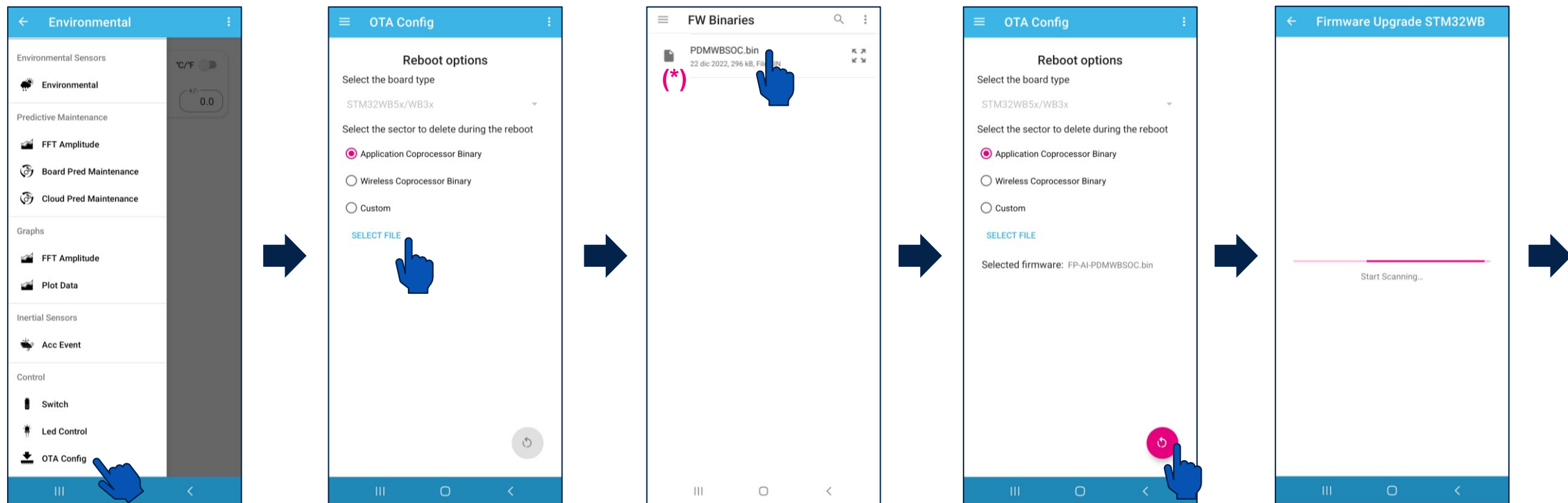


STEVAL-PROTEUS Setup

Firmware update by FUOTA 1/2

How to re-program the STEVAL-PROTEUS by FUOTA:

- Install and launch ST BLE Sensor Classic Mobile App, connect board and follow below steps

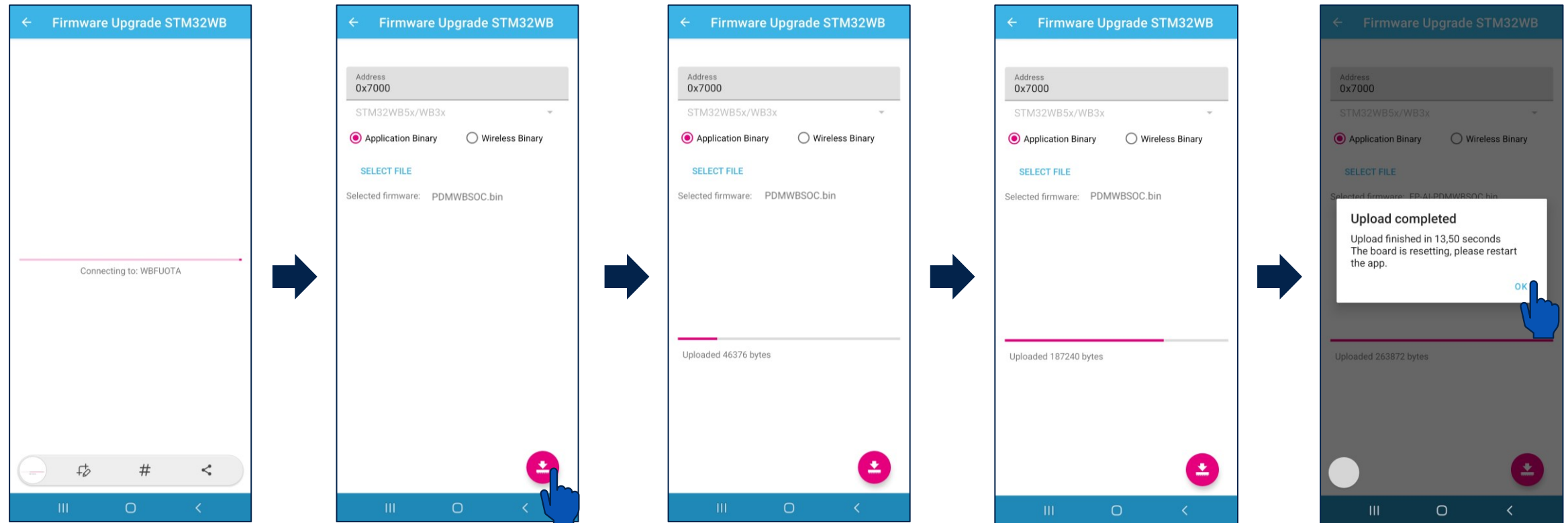


(*) Download in your smartphone the binary file from FP package

STEVAL-PROTEUS Setup

Firmware update by FUOTA 2/2

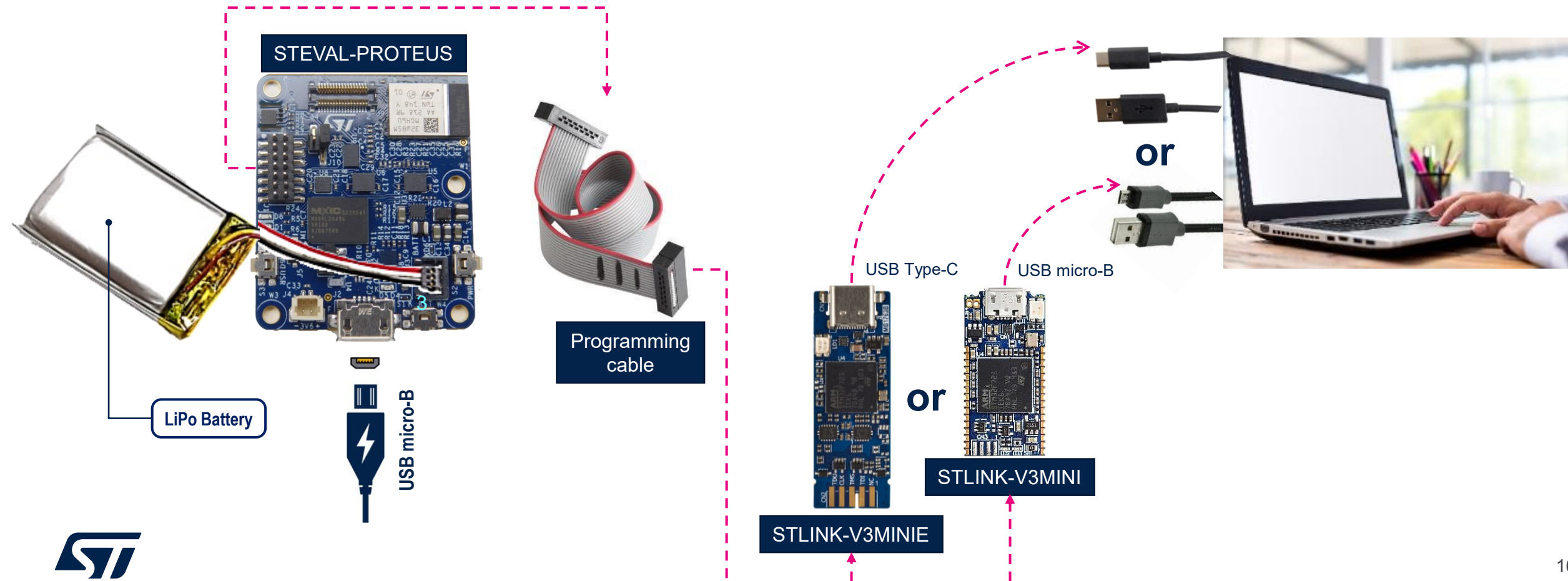
- How to re-program the STEVAL-PROTEUS by FUOTA



STEVAL-PROTEUS Setup

Firmware update by STLINK

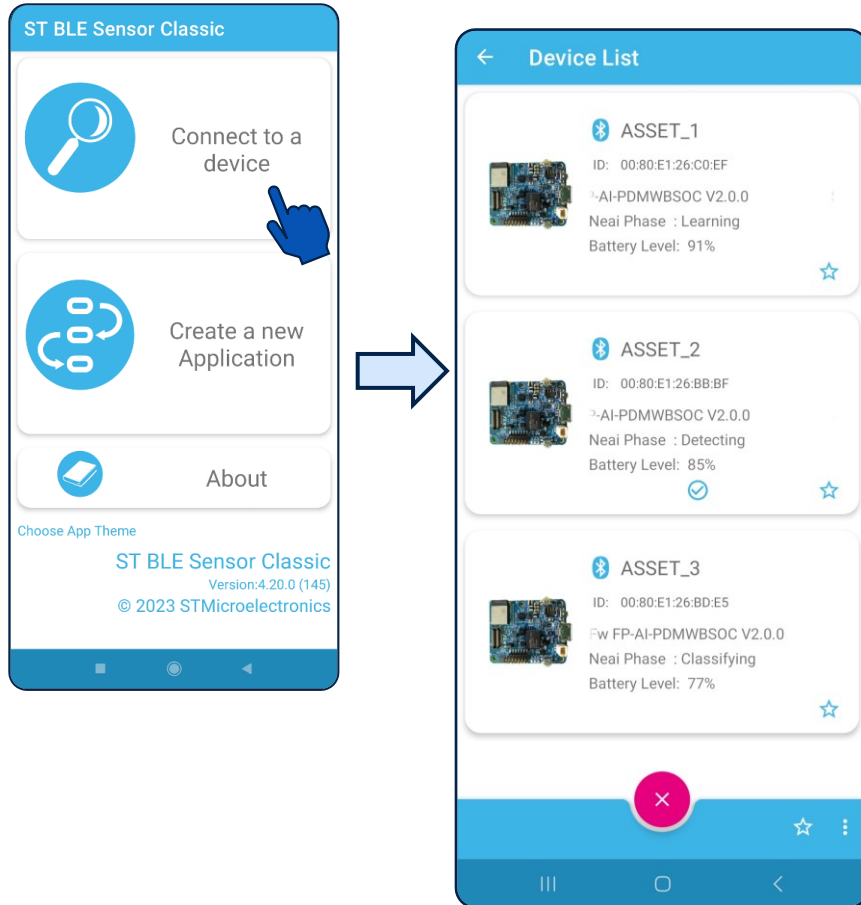
- ❑ Power the board using Battery or USB plug
- ❑ Follow the connection by cables, as shown in the picture below



2.2- PDMWBSOC Application:



How to use the ST BLE Sensor Classic App

Discovery View of ST BLE Sensor Classic App



After tapping on *Connect one Device*, you'll see the list of available boards to which can connect.

For each board are available:

- FW running name (FP-AI-PDMWBSOC)
- NEAI phase (idle, idle trained, learning, detecting, classifying)
- Battery level (0-100%)
- Status Icon,  normal or  anomaly in case of anomaly detection phase



Until you aren't connected to the board, blue LED blinks slowly

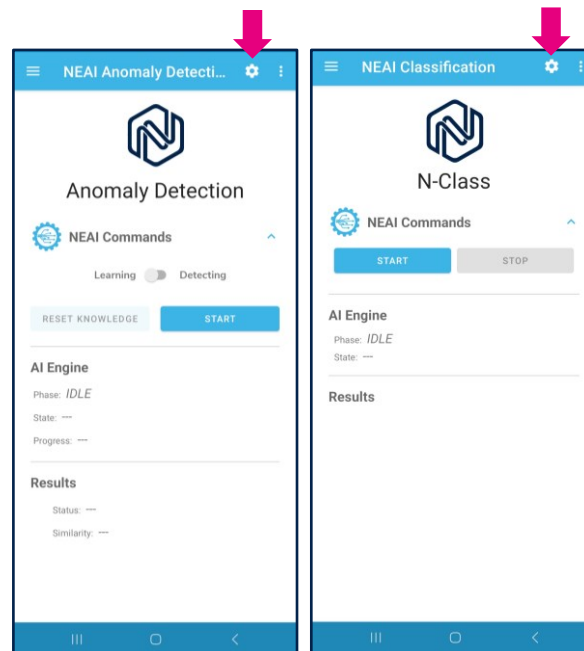


When you are connected to the board, blue LED blinks quickly

The proper workflow

Open ST BLE
Sensor Classic App
&
Connect Board

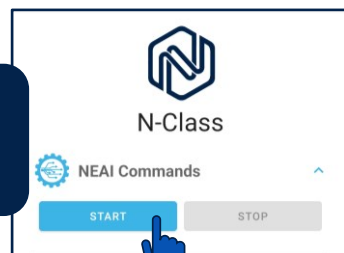
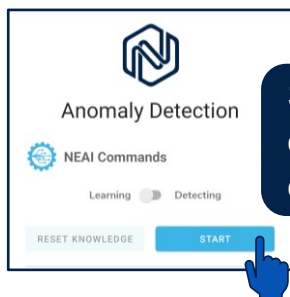
Tap on the gear icon to
customize AD library
parameters and sensor
setup (*)



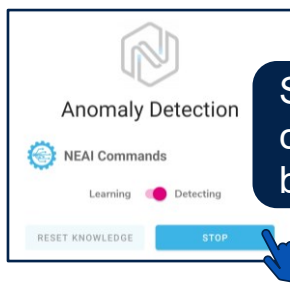
* This step is optional but remember that by default:

- ISM330DHCX is active with ODR = 3332 Hz and FS = 2 G
- Learning/Detecting phases will end when you'll push stop button (*Time/Signals* parameter is initialized to zero)

Start learning, detecting
or classifying by buttons
on NEAI demos



Stop learning, detecting or
classifying automatically
or by button on NEAI demos



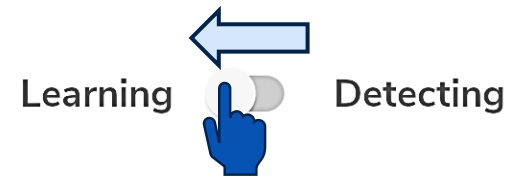
It's strongly recommended to
setup your sensor according to
dataset used to generate NEAI
library

Start learning phase

Three simple steps

Through this demo you can monitor NanoEdgeAI AD library status and also start/stop learning and detecting phases. To start your first learning follow the steps below:

- 1 Move the commands switch on the left to enable **Learning**



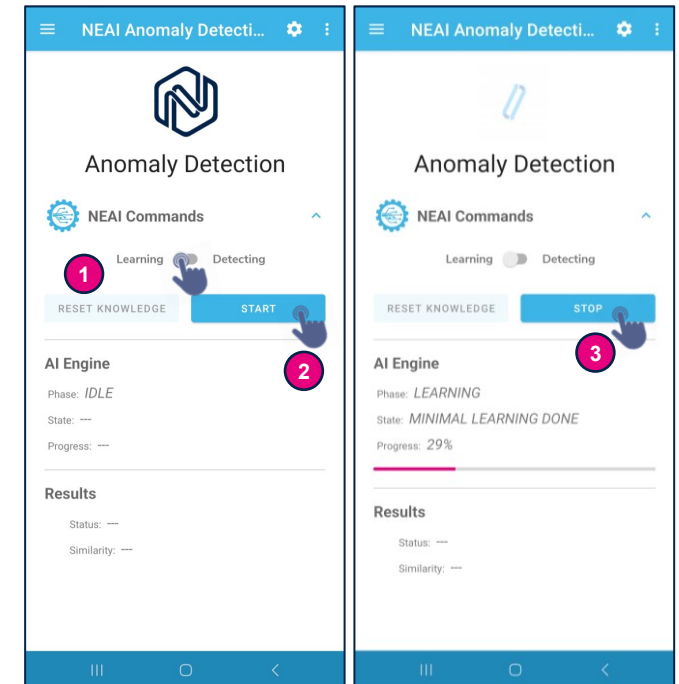
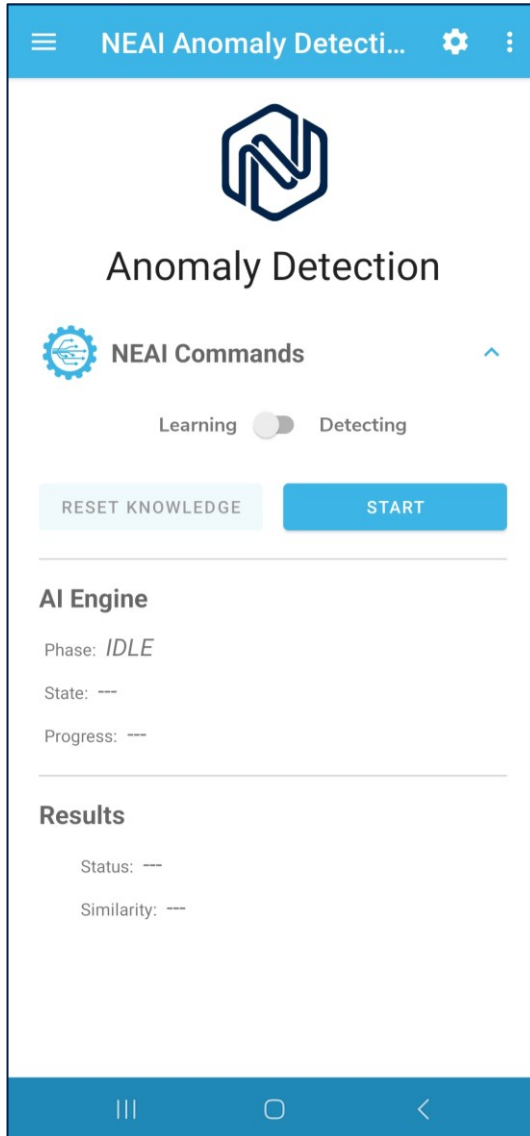
- 2 Push start button



- 3 Push stop button when you want.



(When the processed signals are more than required from the NEAI-AD library itself the state changes in "**MINIMAL LEARNING DONE**")

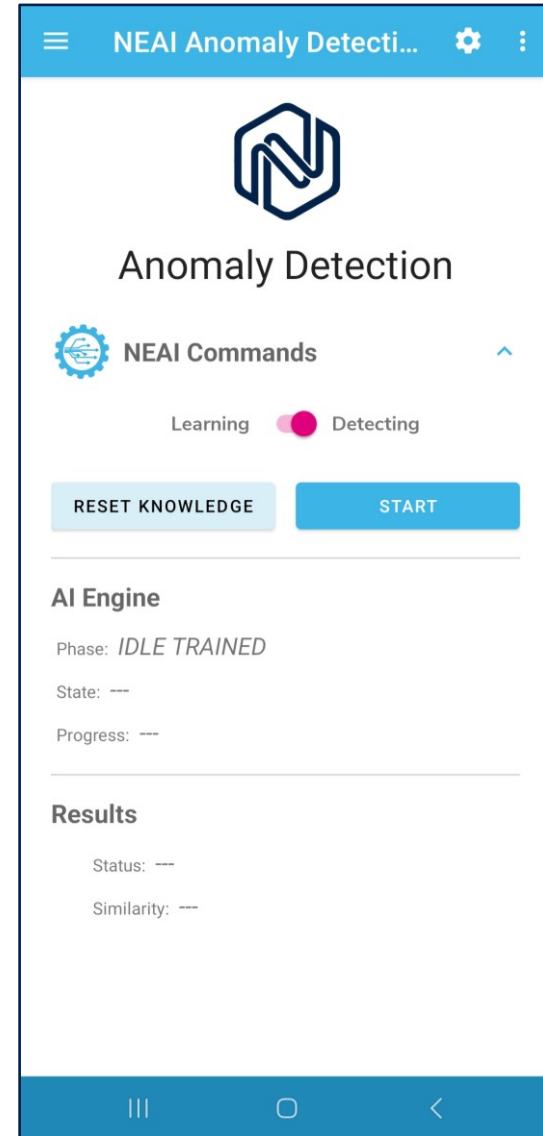
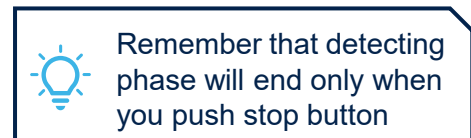
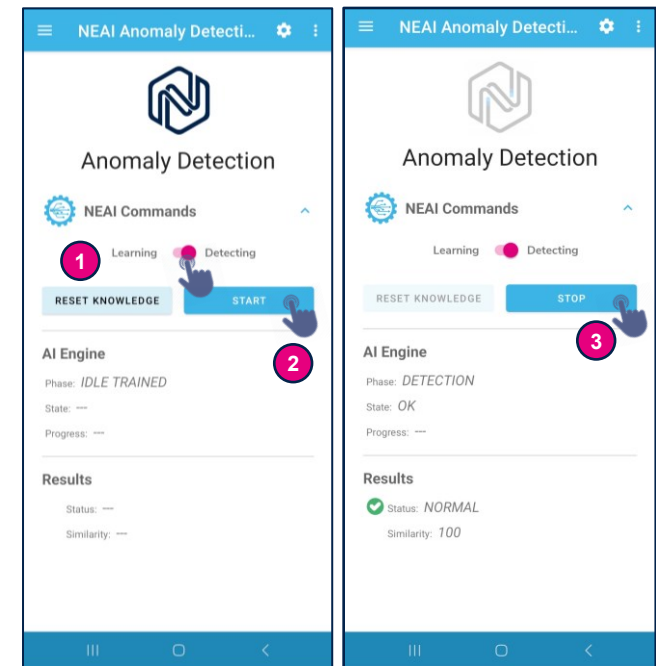
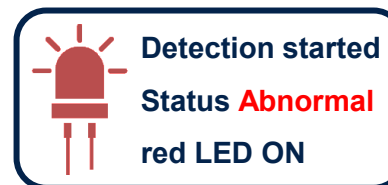


Start Detecting phase

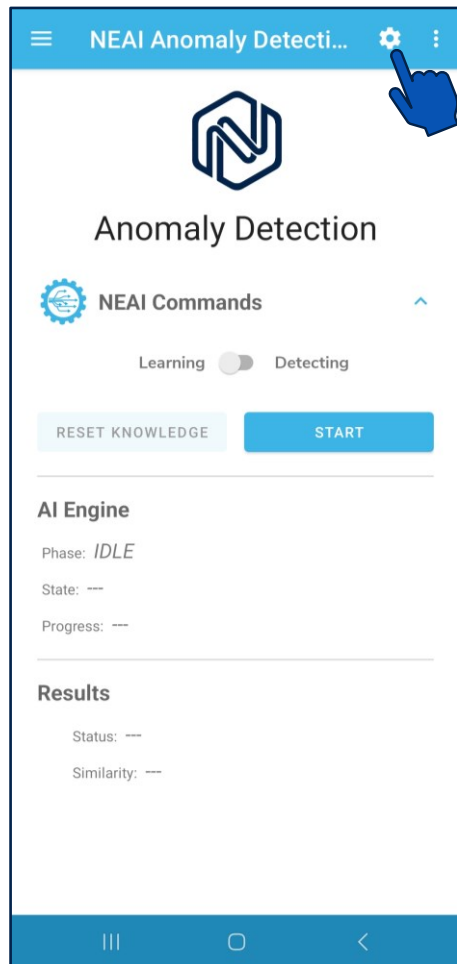
Three simple steps

Through this demo you can monitor NanoEdgeAI AD library status and also start/stop learning and detecting phases. To start your first detection, follow the steps below:

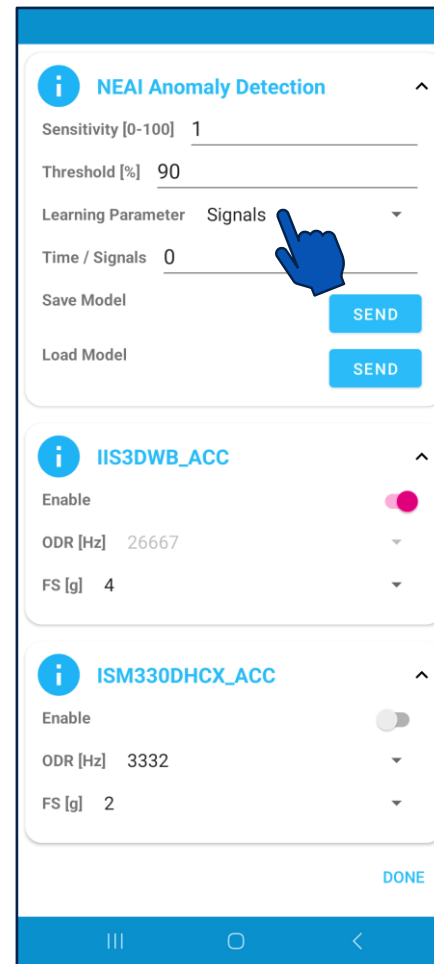
- 1 Move the commands switch on the right to enable **Detection**
to enable **Detection**
- 2 Push start button
- 3 Push stop button when you want



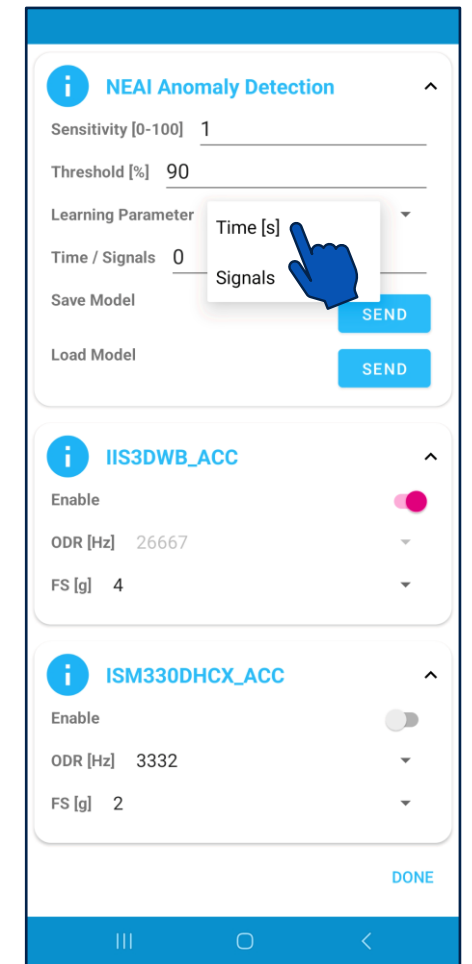
How to set Learning phase time 1/2



First of all tap on gear icon to open the setting page



Tap on learning parameter and select Time [s] option



1

2

3

How to set learning phase time 2/2

NEAI Anomaly Detection

Sensitivity [0-100] 1

Threshold [%] 90

Learning Parameter Time [s]

Time / Signals 0

Save Model **SEND**

Load Model **SEND**

IIS3DWB_ACC

Enable ☒

ODR [Hz] 26667

FS [g] 4

ISM330DHCX_ACC

Enable ☐

ODR [Hz] 3332

FS [g] 2

DONE

Tap on *Time/Signals* parameter

NEAI Anomaly Detection

Sensitivity [0-100] 1

Threshold [%] 90

Learning Parameter Time [s]

Time / Signals 10

Save Model **SEND**

Load Model **SEND**

IIS3DWB_ACC

Enable ☒

ODR [Hz] 26667

ISM330DHCX_ACC

Enable ☐

ODR [Hz] 3332

FS [g] 2

Enter your desired learning duration

NEAI Anomaly Detection

Sensitivity [0-100] 1

Threshold [%] 90

Learning Parameter Time [s]

Time / Signals 10

Save Model **SEND**

Load Model **SEND**

IIS3DWB_ACC

Enable ☒

ODR [Hz] 26667

FS [g] 4

ISM330DHCX_ACC

Enable ☐

ODR [Hz] 3332

FS [g] 2

DONE

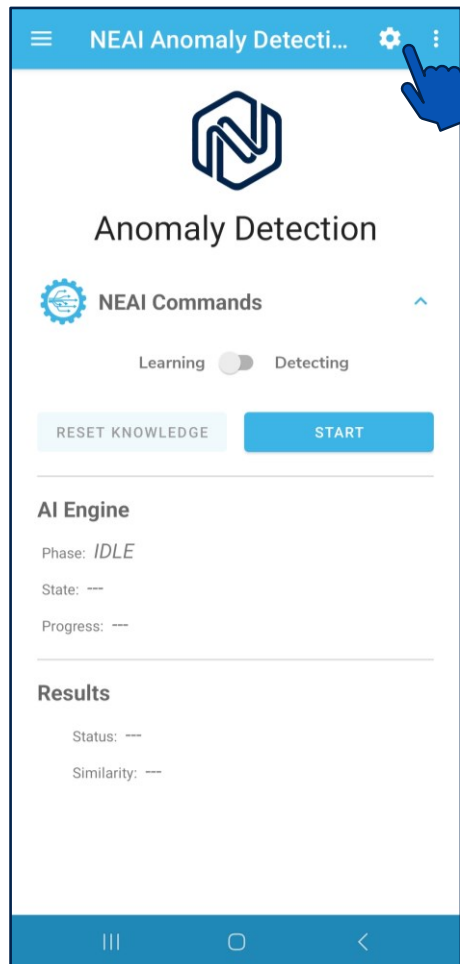
4

5

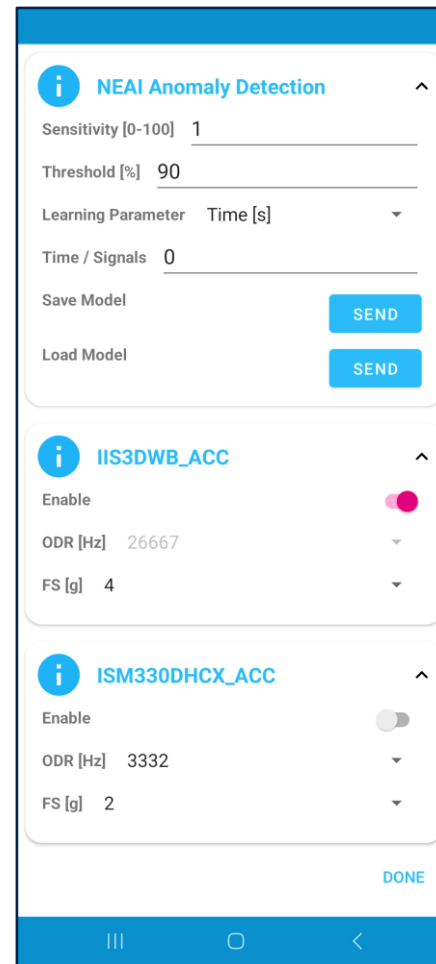
6

END

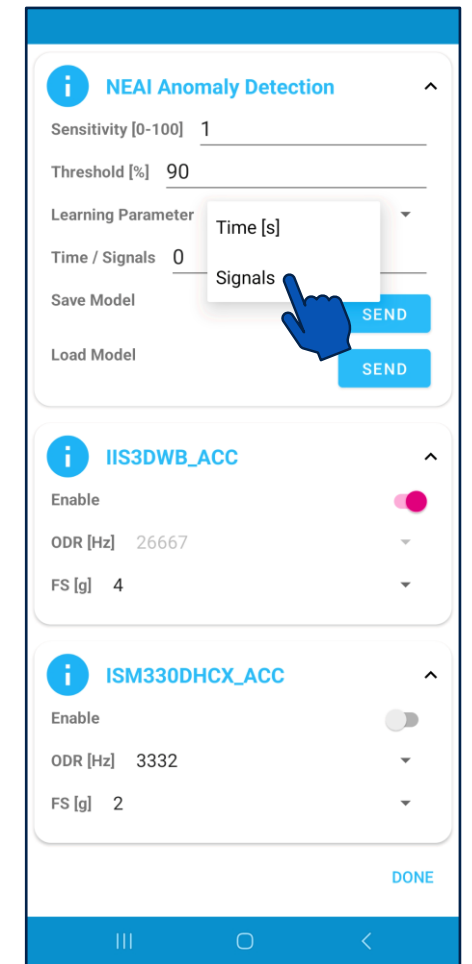
How to set signals to learn 1/2



First of all tap on gear icon to open the setting page



Tap on learning parameter and select *Signals* option



1

2

3

How to set signals to learn 2/2

NEAI Anomaly Detection

Sensitivity [0-100] 1

Threshold [%] 90

Learning Parameter Signals

Time / Signals 0

Save Model **SEND**

Load Model **SEND**

IIS3DWB_ACC

Enable ☒

ODR [Hz] 26667

FS [g] 4

ISM330DHCX_ACC

Enable ☐

ODR [Hz] 3332

FS [g] 2

DONE

Tap on *Time/Signals* parameter

NEAI Anomaly Detection

Sensitivity [0-100] 1

Threshold [%] 90

Learning Parameter Signals

Time / Signals 20

Save Model **SEND**

Load Model **SEND**

IIS3DWB_ACC

Enable ☒

ODR [Hz] 26667

ISM330DHCX_ACC

Enable ☐

ODR [Hz] 3332

FS [g] 2

Enter the desired number of signals to learn

NEAI Anomaly Detection

Sensitivity [0-100] 1

Threshold [%] 90

Learning Parameter Signals

Time / Signals 20

Save Model **SEND**

Load Model **SEND**

IIS3DWB_ACC

Enable ☒

ODR [Hz] 26667

FS [g] 4

ISM330DHCX_ACC

Enable ☐

ODR [Hz] 3332

FS [g] 2

DONE

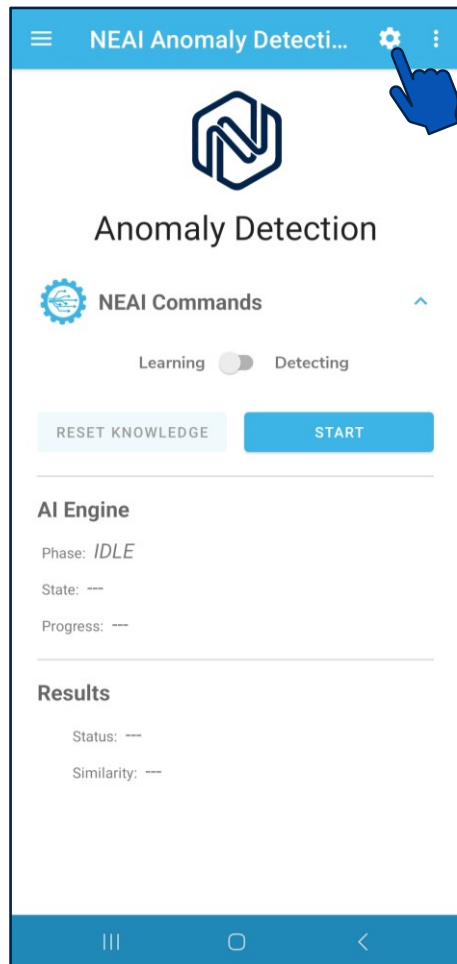
4

5

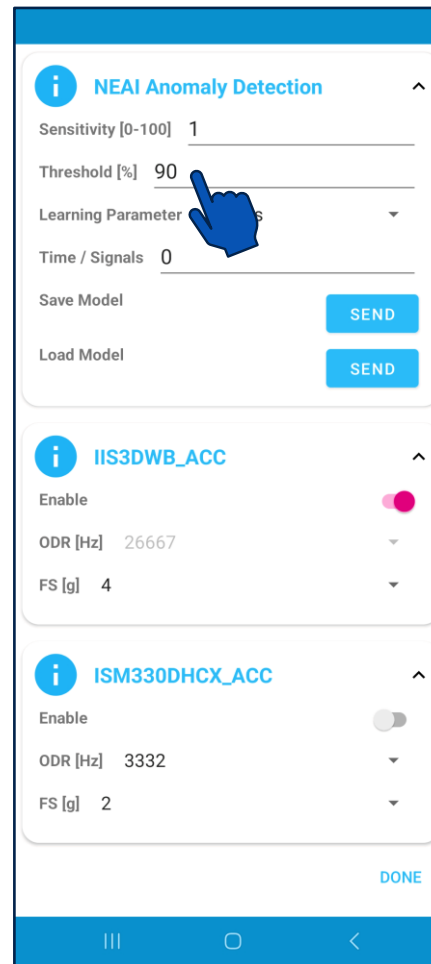
6

END

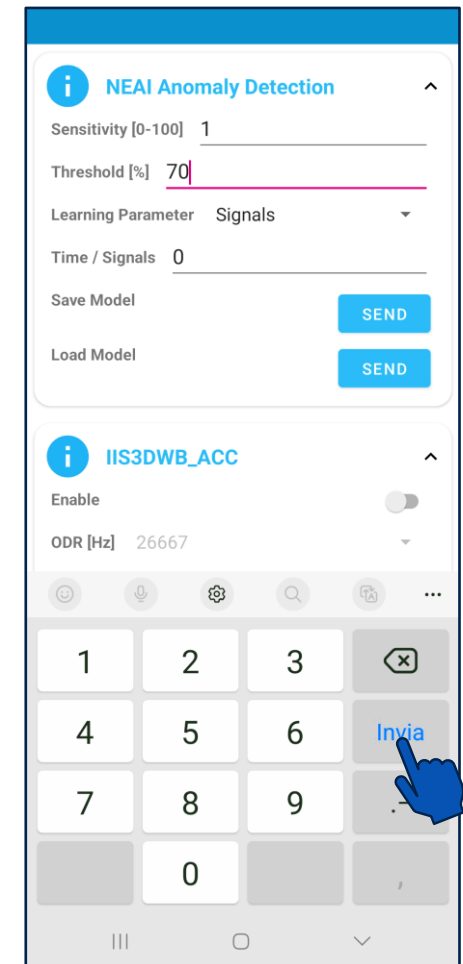
How to set AD library parameters



First of all tap on gear icon to open the setting page



Tap on Sensitivity or Threshold parameter to set its



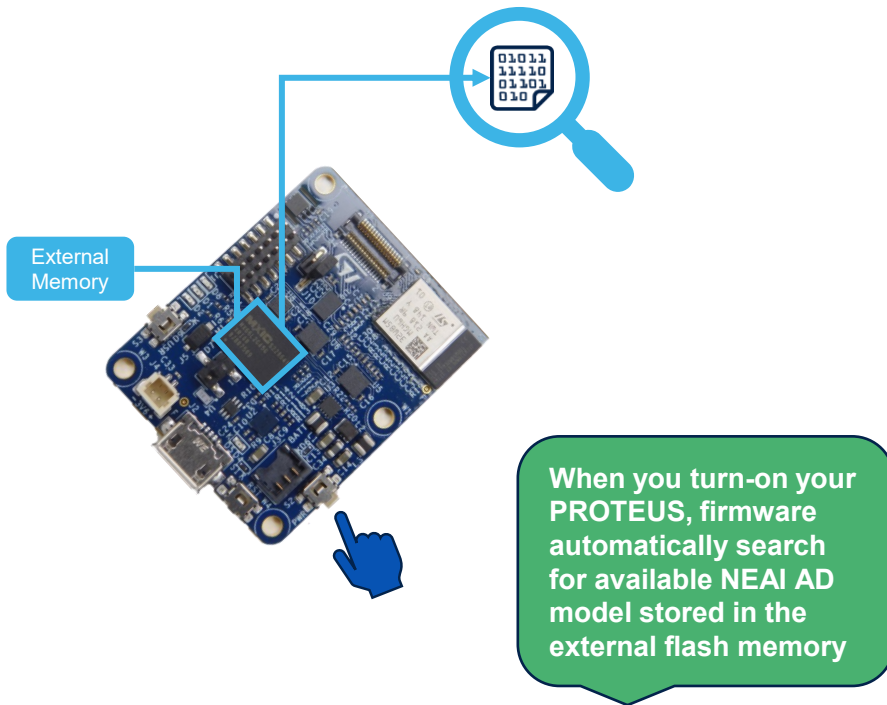
1

2

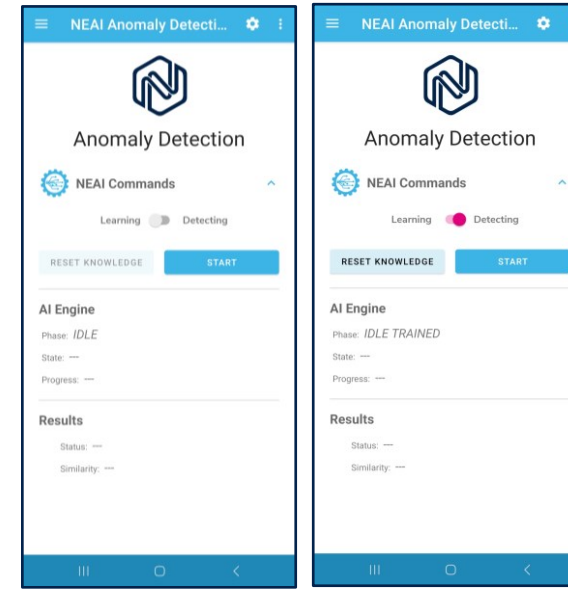
3

END

How to use save/load NEAI AD model 1/2



1



If no model was found, phase will be *IDLE*

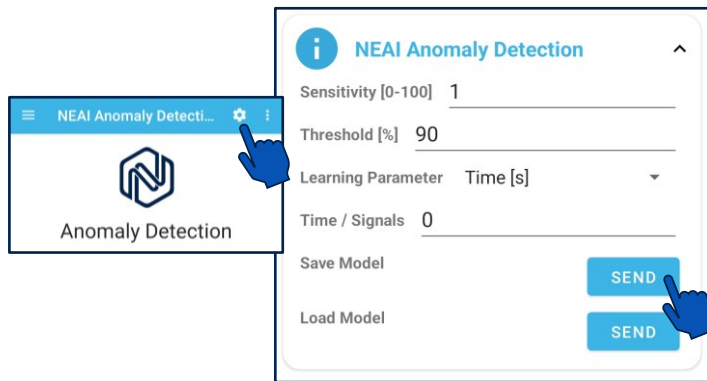
Before detect anomalies, you need to start a learning phase

If a model was found, phase will be *IDLE TRAINED*

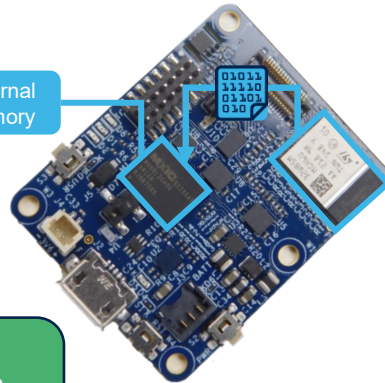
Now you are ready to start a detecting phase

2

How to use save/load NEAI AD model 2/2

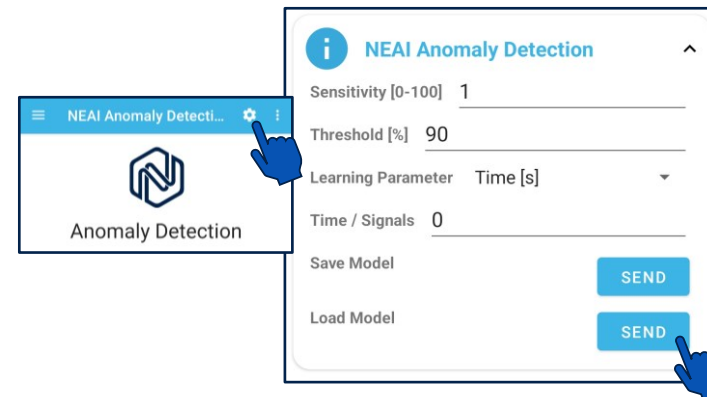


External Memory

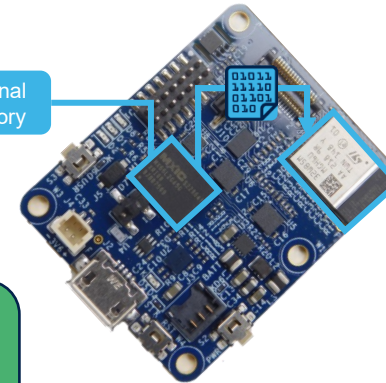


To avoid to lose your AD model after shutting down, you can open setting page and send *Save Model* command

3



External Memory



If you are dissatisfied with results come from last learning, you can restore the model saved in the external flash memory by *Load Model* command

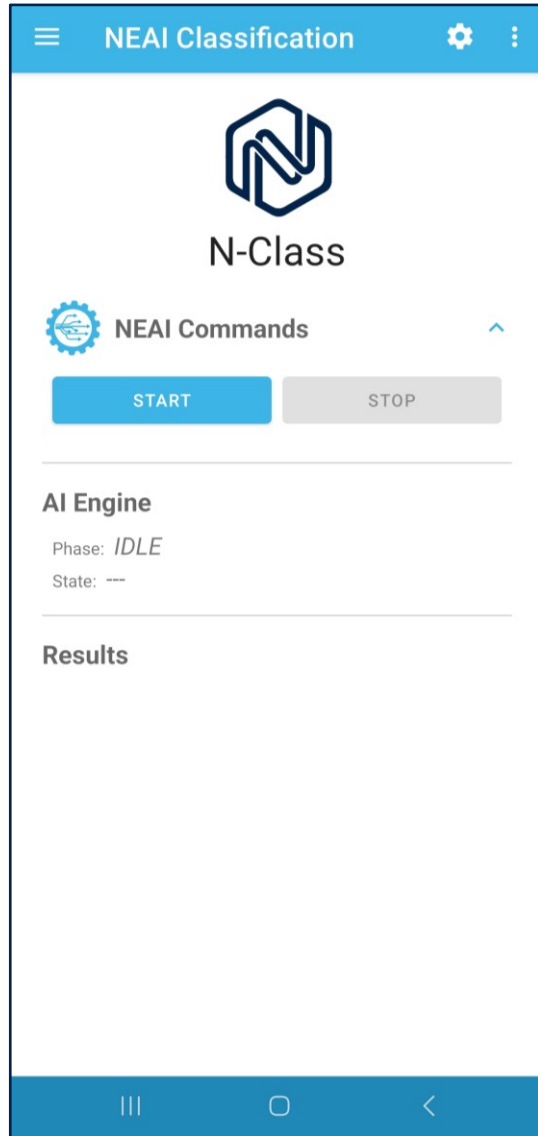
4

END

Start Classifying phase

Two simple steps

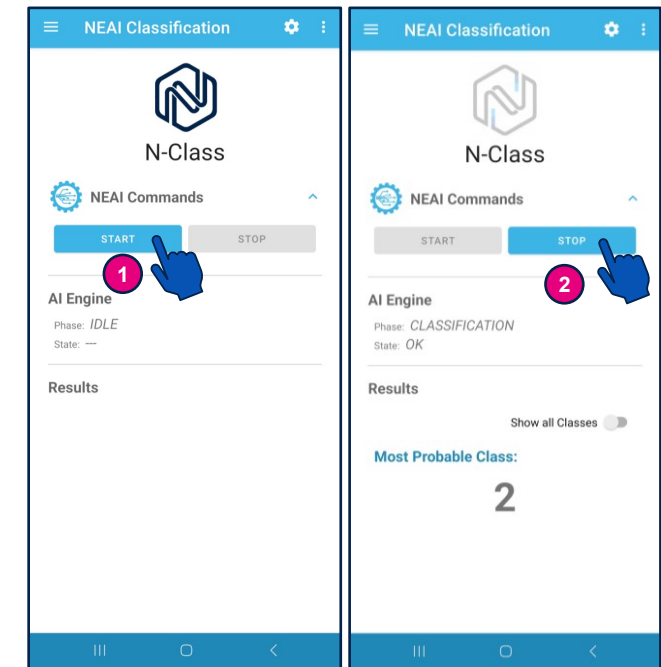
Through this demo you can monitor NanoEdgeAI NCC library status and also start/stop classifying phase. To start your first classification, follow the steps below:



1 Push start button



2 Push stop button when you want



Remember that classifying phase will end only when you push stop button

2.3- PDMWBSOC Application:

How to use CLI Terminal Console

The proper workflow



Plug USB connector and open Tera Term (*)

Enter `set_neai timer [t]` or `set_neai signals [n]` to customize your learning phase (**)

```
! FP-AI-PDMWBSOC !
-----
Console command server.
Type 'help' to view a list of registered commands.
$ █
```

Start learning, detecting or classifying by specific commands

Stop learning, detecting or classifying automatically or pushing escape button

(**) This step is optional but remember that by default:

- ISM330DHCX is active with ODR = 3332 Hz and FS = 2 G
- Learning/Detecting phases will end when you'll push stop button (*Time/Signals* parameter is initialized to zero)



It's strongly recommended to setup your sensor according to dataset used to generate NEAI library

(*) It's strongly recommended to plug/unplug USB connector only when the library is not running: **NOT plug/unplug USB during learning/detecting/classifying phase.**

Anomaly Detection:

Start learning phase

```
-----  
! FP-AI-PDMWBSOC !  
-----  
Console command server.  
Type 'help' to view a list of registered commands.  
$ start neai_learn  
NanoEdgeAI: starting learn phase...  
$ CTRL: ! This is a stubbed version, please install NanoEdge AI library !  
NanoEdge AI: learn  
{ "signal": 1, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 2, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 3, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 4, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 5, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 6, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 7, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 8, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 9, "state": need more signals }  
{ "signal": 10, "state": success }  
{ "signal": 11, "state": success }  
{ "signal": 12, "state": success }
```

The user has to enter the proper command to start the learning phase

start neai_learn



Learning phase started,
green LED blinks

Anomaly Detection:

Start detection phase

```
$ start neai_detect
NanoEdgeAI: starting detect phase...

$ CTRL: ! This is a stubbed version, please install NanoEdge AI library !
NanoEdge AI: detect
{"similarity": 0, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 1, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 2, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 3, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 4, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 5, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 6, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 7, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 8, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 9, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 10, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 11, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 12, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 13, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 14, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 15, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 16, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 17, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 18, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 19, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 20, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 21, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 22, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 23, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
{"similarity": 24, "state": success, "status": anomaly}
```

The user has to enter the proper command to start detection phase

start neai_detect



Detection started
Status **Normal**
green LED ON



Detection started
Status **Abnormal**
red LED ON



Remember that detecting phase will end only when you push escape button

N-Class Classification:

Start classification phase

```
$ start neai_class
NanoEdgeAI: starting classification phase...

$ NanoEdge AI: classify
CTRL: ! Powered by NanoEdge AI library !
{"signal": 1, "class": A},
{"signal": 2, "class": A},
{"signal": 3, "class": A},
{"signal": 4, "class": A},
{"signal": 5, "class": A},
{"signal": 6, "class": A},
{"signal": 7, "class": A},
{"signal": 8, "class": A},
{"signal": 9, "class": A},
{"signal": 10, "class": B},
{"signal": 11, "class": B},
{"signal": 12, "class": B},
{"signal": 13, "class": B},
{"signal": 14, "class": B},
{"signal": 15, "class": B},
```

The user has to enter the proper command to start classification phase

start neai_class

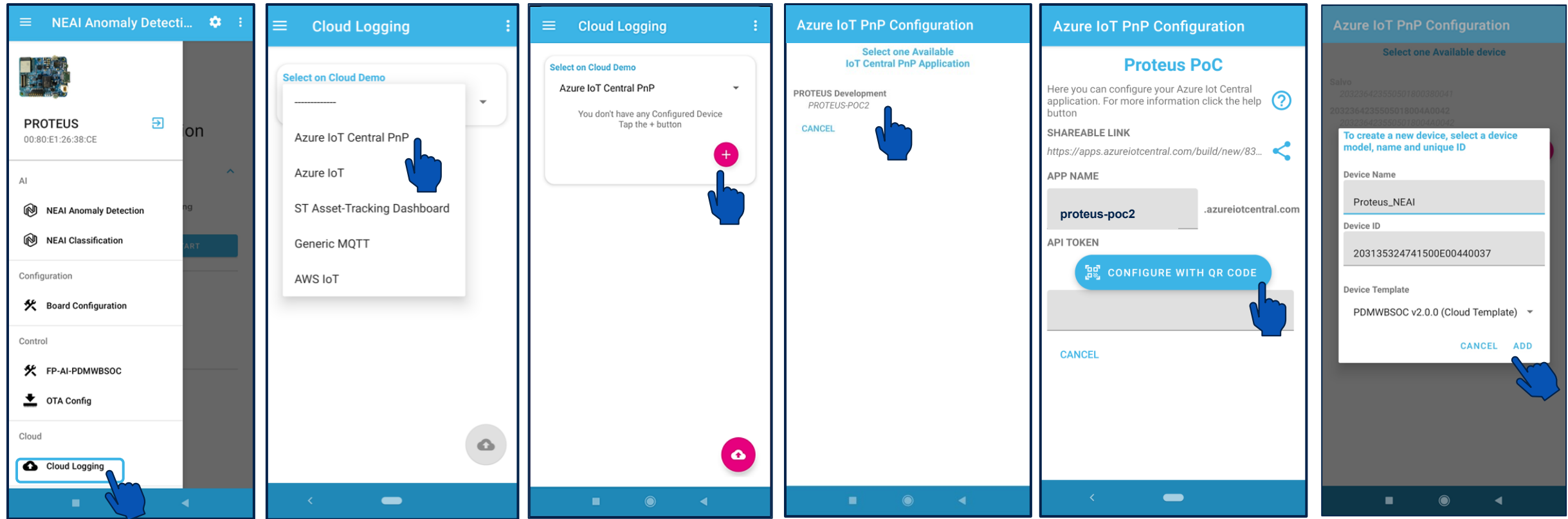


Remember that classifying phase will end only when you push escape button

2.4- PDMWBSOC Application: Azure IoT Central Cloud Service

STBLESensor App

Azure IoT Central Cloud connection 1/2



Open **Cloud Logging**

Select **Azure IoT Central PnP**

Add the application **Proteus-poc2**

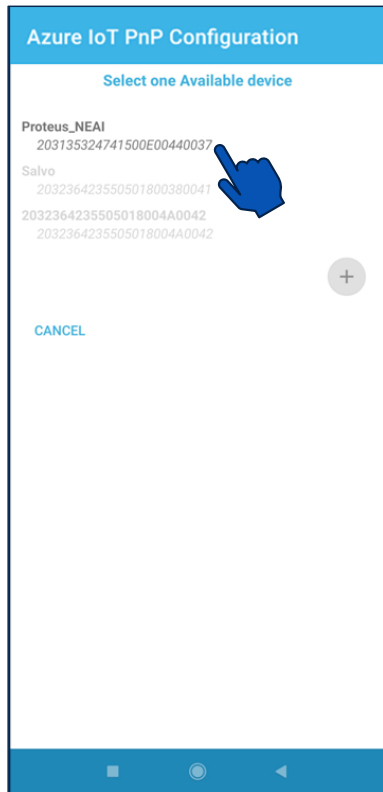
Select the IoT Central App **proteus-poc2**

Insert the **QR-Code** retrieved during subscription
(See [User Manual](#) for more details)

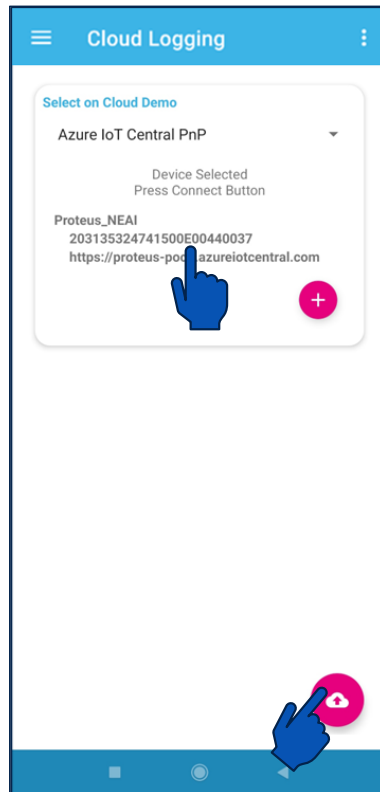
Add your device using the template already published

STBLESensor App

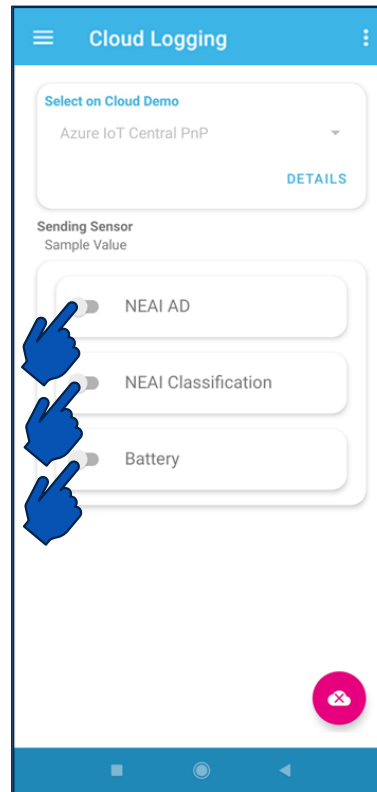
Azure IoT Central Cloud connection 2/2



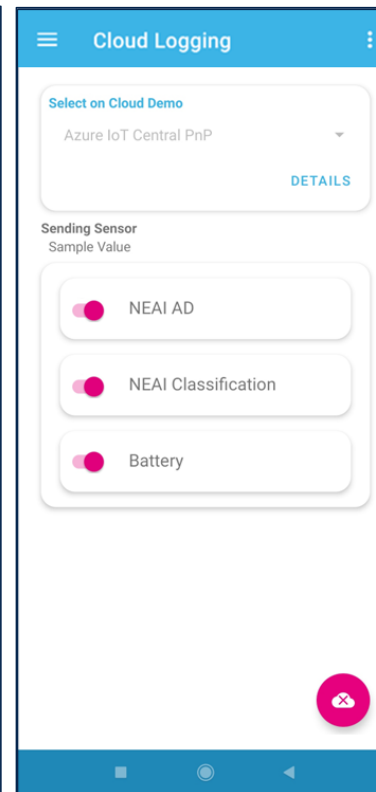
Device inserted in
proteus-poc2 app



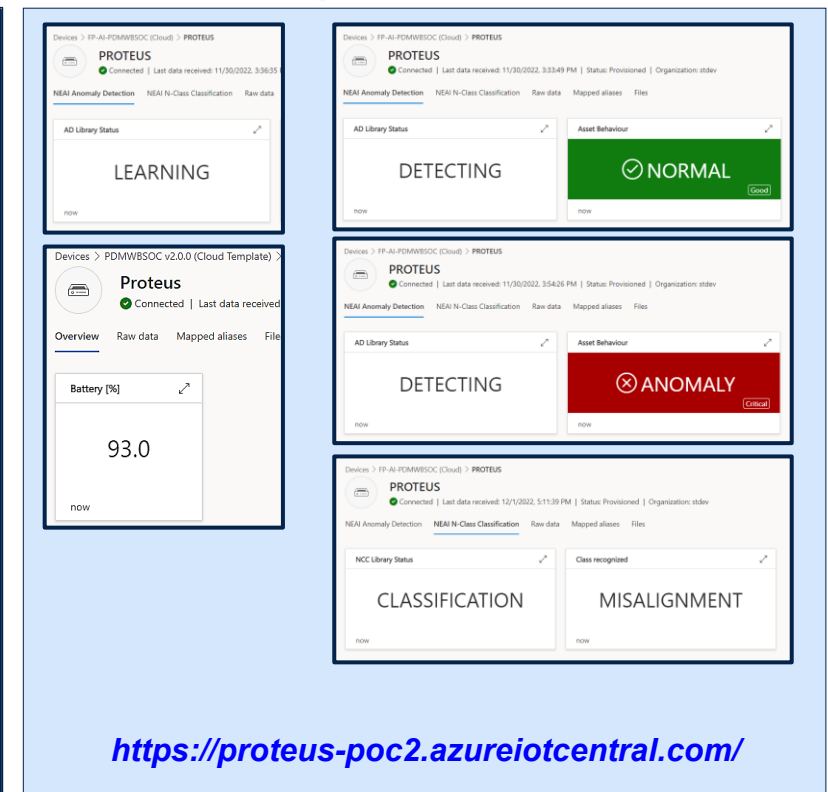
Start the connectivity
with Azure IoT Central



List of all the
measurement to send



NEAI AD + NEAI
Classification + Battery

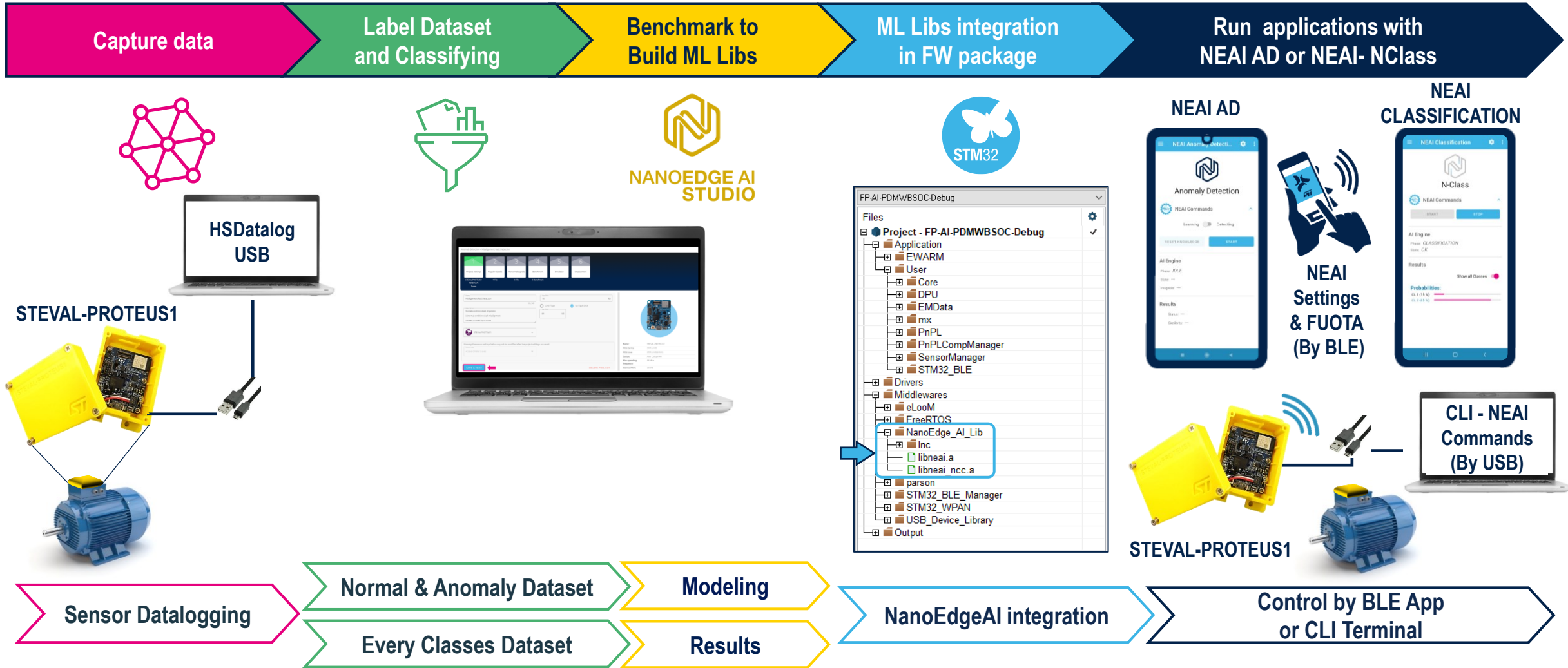


Measurements provisioned in
Azure IoT Central Dashboard

2.5- Setup NanoEdge™ AI library

FP-AI-PDMWBSOC

NEAI Machine Learning in STEVAL-PROTEUS1

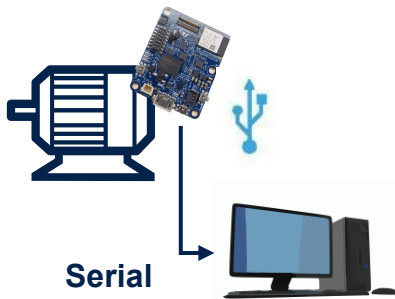




Capture data and create specific datasets

Generating contextual data using HSDATALOG in Utilities folder

1 Generate data set



Data log

- ❑ The equipment behaviors can be analyzed, creating a lot of different dataset based on vibrometer or accelerometer data, focused on “Normal” & “Anomaly” working condition to monitor and detect. The same approach can be used to classify different “Working Conditions” creating specific dataset to built a N-Class Classification machine learning model.
- ❑ To prepare these datasets, you can use HSDatalog firmware, that can be loaded directly via BLE Sensor Classic App, by FUOTA, available in ***Utilities/HS_Datalog/Proteus_HS_Datalog_FUOTA_reference.bin***
- ❑ Before start take care that on STEVAL-PROTEUS the blue LED is blinking. If it doesn't, please, press the “RESET” button.
- ❑ **On PC, launch “*Utilities/HS_Datalog/cli_example/USB_DataLog_Run.bat*”** or any other batch file inside “*.\PROTEUS_batch_file_examples*”
- ❑ An automatic folder will be created, collecting all the *.DAT files configured to use for the library generation.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
USB HS-Datalog Command Line Interface example
Version: 2.5.0
Based on : ST USB Data Log 2.0.0
Device information:
{
  "deviceInfo": {
    "URL": "www.st.com",
    "alias": "PROTEUS",
    "dataFileExt": ".dat",
    "dataFileFormat": "HSD_1.0.0",
    "fwName": "USB-HS DATALOG",
    "fwVersion": "1.0.0",
    "nSensor": 3,
    "partNumber": "STEVAL-PROTEUS",
    "serialNumber": "004A00423550501820323642"
  }
}
Configuration imported from json file
Press any key to start logging
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
-----HSDatalog CLI-----
Streaming from: PROTEUS
Elapsed: 13s Remaining: 87s
-----Received Data-----
IIS3DWB_ACC 1938000 Bytes
ISM330DHCX_ACC 512000 Bytes
ISM330DHCX_GYRO 512000 Bytes
STTS22H_TEMP 128 Bytes
-----Tag labels-----
-0- ( ) SW_TAG_0
-1- ( ) SW_TAG_1
-2- ( ) SW_TAG_2
-3- ( ) SW_TAG_3
-4- ( ) SW_TAG_4
Press the corresponding number to activate/deactivate a tag. ESC to exit!
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
-----HSDatalog CLI-----
Streaming from: PROTEUS
Elapsed: 23s Remaining: 77s
-----Received Data-----
IIS3DWB_ACC 3537000 Bytes
ISM330DHCX_ACC 935936 Bytes
ISM330DHCX_GYRO 935936 Bytes
STTS22H_TEMP 240 Bytes
-----Tag labels-----
-0- ( ) SW_TAG_0
-1- ( ) SW_TAG_1
-2- ( ) SW_TAG_2
-3- ( ) SW_TAG_3
-4- ( ) SW_TAG_4
Press the corresponding number to activate/deactivate a tag. ESC to exit!
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Press «RETURN» button
The blue LED turns off and the green LED starts blinking

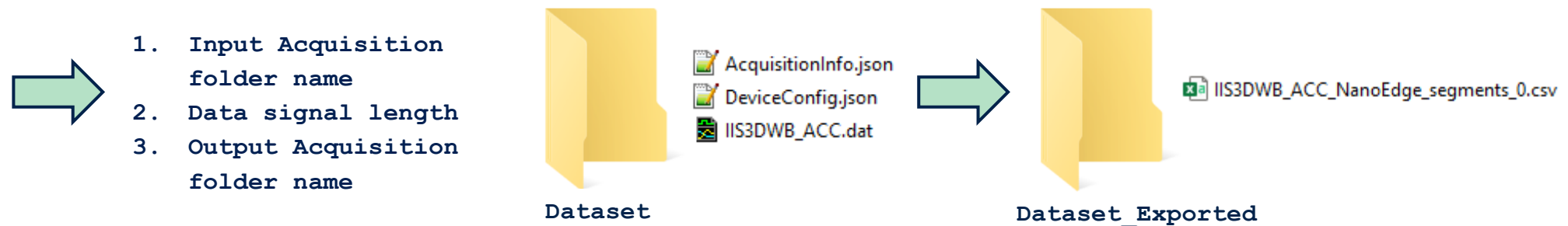
The acquisition will continue for all the
configured time or up to «ESC» button pressed

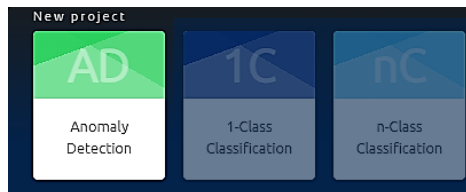


Label Dataset and Classifying to use with NanoEdgeAI Studio

2.1 Convert each datasets in the right format (*.csv) accepted by NanoEdgeAI Studio tool (v3.2.1)

- ❑ The dataset previously generated using the datalogging firmware, classified as “Normal”, “Anomaly”, or as “Specific Cases to classify”, must be used as input dataset to create the new libraries for Anomaly Detection or N-Class Classification, to include inside the application FW.
- ❑ Before to use these datasets, use the batch file → **“Utilities/HS_Datalog/ PROTEUS_batch_file_examples/HS-DL_NanoEdge_Conversion.bat** starting from the related folder containing at least one *.dat file plus two json configuration files.
- ❑ The python script will convert automatically the *.dat datalog stored in a *Dataset* folder, into a *.csv format in a folder named as *Dataset_Exported*, requiring just the following instruction:

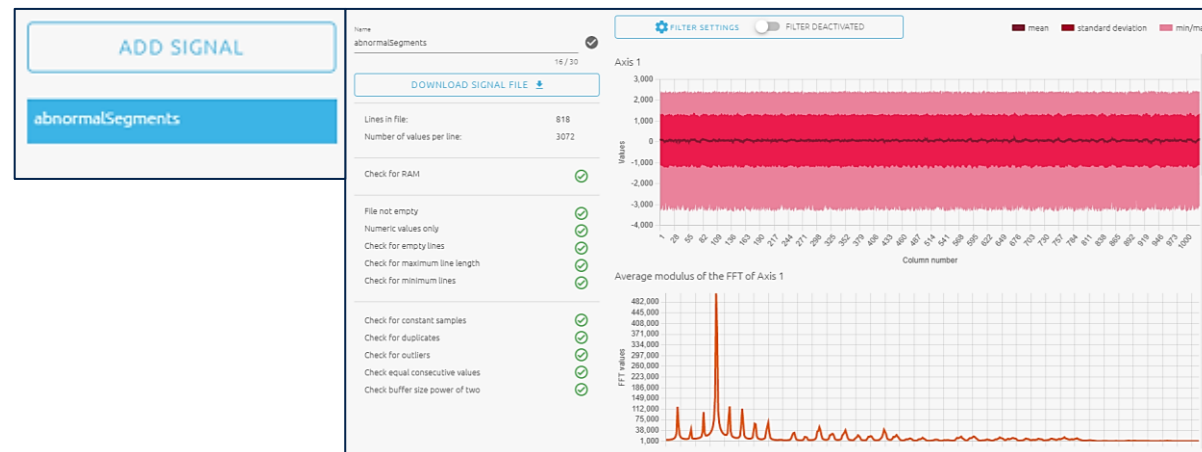
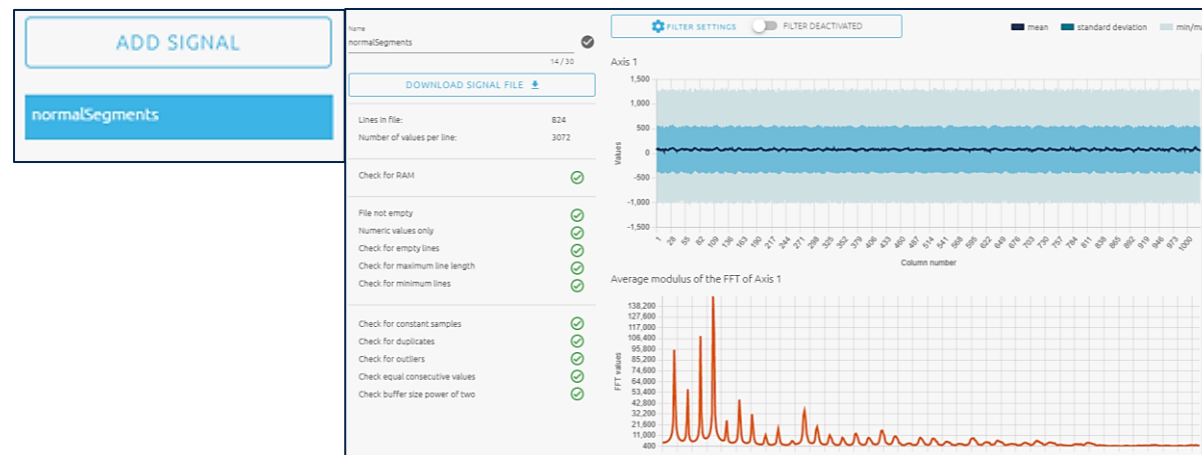
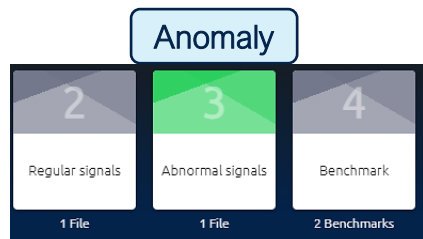
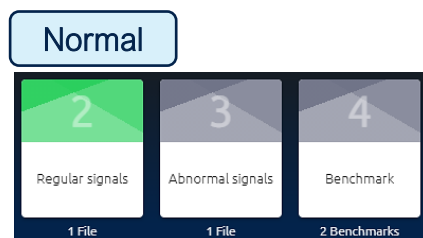
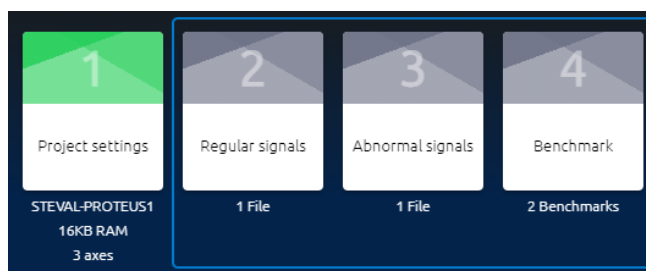




Use NanoEdge AI Studio tool

Label Dataset and Classifying to use with NanoEdgeAI Studio

2.2 Create a new project for **Anomaly Detection** library starting from the datasets and build the library



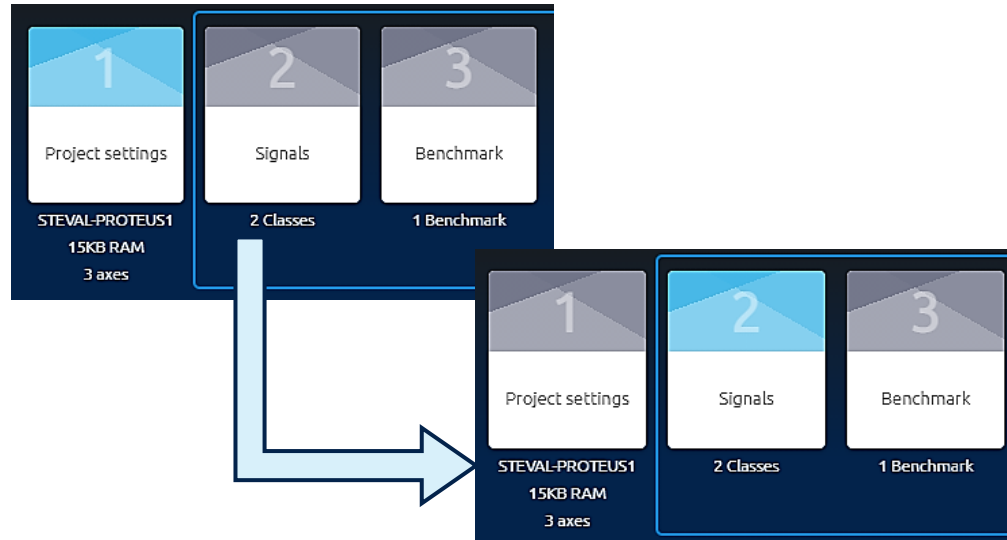


Use NanoEdge AI Studio tool

Label Dataset and Classifying to use with NanoEdgeAI Studio

2.3

Create a new project for **N-Class Classification** library starting from the datasets and build the library

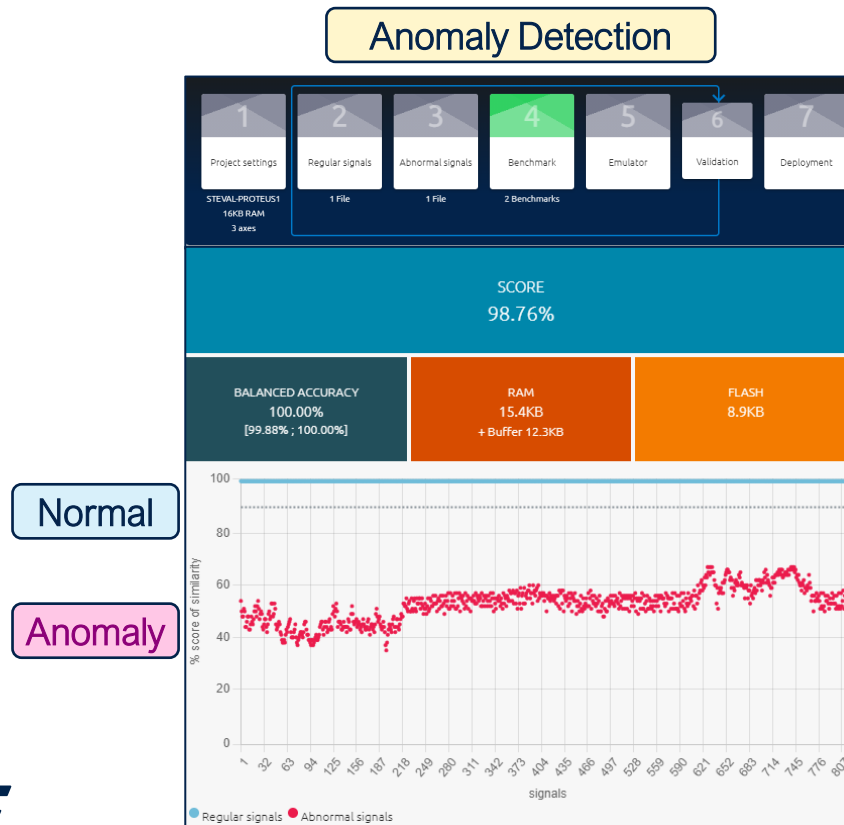


Use NanoEdge AI Studio tool

Run the Benchmark to create the different ML Library

3.1

Machine Library building running a benchmark to find the best library in terms of Accuracy, Performance (Score), RAM and FLASH Size



Choose the best libraries and Deploy in binary format

3.2 Press the “Compile Library” button to deploy a ZIP file including all the library files to include in your application

Anomaly Detection

1 Project settings STEVAL-PROTEUS1 15KB RAM 3 axes

2 Regular signals 1 File

3 Abnormal signals 2 Files

4 Benchmark 1 Benchmark

5 Emulator

6 Validation

7 Deployment

2022-11-30 18:20-Bench

COMPILE LIBRARY

☐ Multi-library
Check the box if you want to integrate more than one NanoEdge AI library in your program. Then, choose a suffix for each library.

Compilation Flags

☒ Float abi
Check the box to make this option "hard" otherwise it will be set to "soft".
Specifying soft causes GCC to generate output containing library calls for floating-point operations. "hard" allows generation of floating-point instructions and uses FPU-specific calling conventions.

☐ fshort-wchar
Checking the box sets this option to "-fshort-wchar". Having the box unchecked sets the option to "-fno-short-wchar".
The "-fshort-wchar" option can improve memory usage, but might reduce performance because narrow memory accesses can be less efficient than full register-width accesses. The default is "-fno-short-wchar". That has the default size of wchar_t at 4 bytes.

☐ fshort-enums
Checking the box sets this option to "-fshort-enums". Having the box unchecked sets the option to "-fno-short-enums".
The "-fshort-enums" option can improve memory usage, but might reduce performance because narrow memory accesses can be less efficient than full register-width accesses. The default is "-fno-short-enums". That is, the size of an enumeration type is at least 32 bits regardless of the size of the enumerator values.

Set "fshort-wchar" flag just to deploy the library for the Keil® toolchain

N-CLASS Classification

1 Project settings STEVAL-PROTEUS1 15KB RAM 3 axes

2 Signals 2 Classes

3 Benchmark 1 Benchmark

4 Emulator

5 Validation

6 Deployment

2023-01-05 18:23-Bench

COMPILE LIBRARY

☒ Multi-library
Suffix: ncc Valid characters for suffix name are letters [a-z] and numbers [0-9]. Suffix's length limit is 16 characters.

Compilation Flags

☒ Float abi
Check the box to make this option "hard" otherwise it will be set to "soft".
Specifying soft causes GCC to generate output containing library calls for floating-point operations. "hard" allows generation of floating-point instructions and uses FPU-specific calling conventions.

☐ fshort-wchar
Checking the box sets this option to "-fshort-wchar". Having the box unchecked sets the option to "-fno-short-wchar".
The "-fshort-wchar" option can improve memory usage, but might reduce performance because narrow memory accesses can be less efficient than full register-width accesses. The default is "-fno-short-wchar". That has the default size of wchar_t at 4 bytes.

☐ fshort-enums
Checking the box sets this option to "-fshort-enums". Having the box unchecked sets the option to "-fno-short-enums".
The "-fshort-enums" option can improve memory usage, but might reduce performance because narrow memory accesses can be less efficient than full register-width accesses. The default is "-fno-short-enums". That is, the size of an enumeration type is at least 32 bits regardless of the size of the enumerator values.

Set "Multi-library" flag and insert "ncc" just to generate specific classification files to insert in the application

Set "fshort-wchar" flag just to deploy the library for the Keil® toolchain

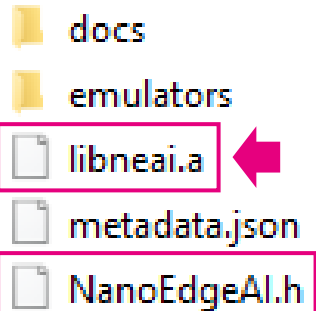


NEAI Library Integration in the FP

Embed the Machine Learning Library into FP-AI-PDMWBSOC

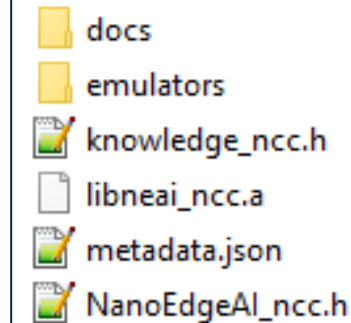
4.1 Replace just the following NEAI files deployed into the project folder

Anomaly Detection



1. **libneai.a**
(for IAR&STM32CubeIDE projects)
2. **libneai.lib**
(generated as explained before and renamed from libneai.a to libneai.lib, for KEIL projects)
3. **NanoEdgeAI.h**

N-CLASS Classification



1. **Libneai_ncc.a**
(for IAR&STM32CubeIDE projects)
2. **Libneai_ncc.lib**
(generated as explained before and renamed from libneai.a to libneai.lib, for KEIL projects)
3. **NanoEdgeAI_ncc.h**
4. **knowledge_ncc.h**

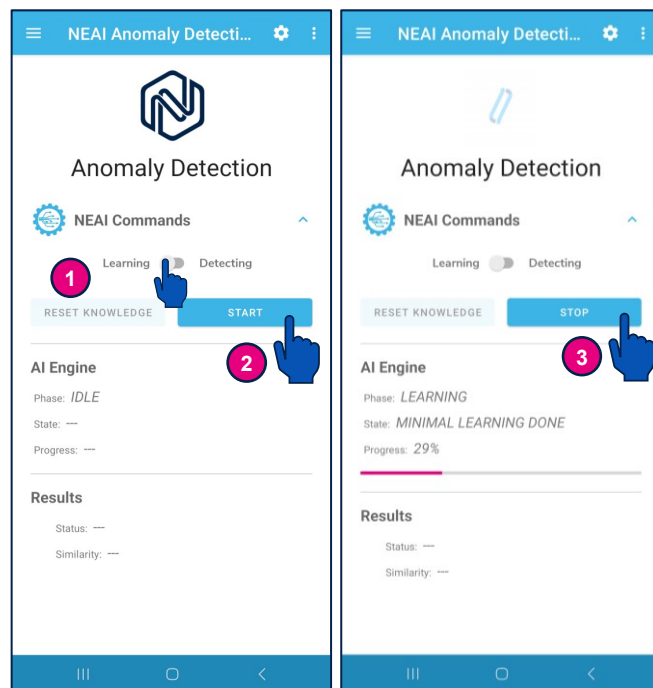
4.2 Compile again the FW application in order to update the NEAI libraries. Once updated the application binaries, the BLE FUOTA functionalities allow to update directly the STEVAL-PROTEUS without using programmer tools.



Run Learning and Detection by BLE or CLI

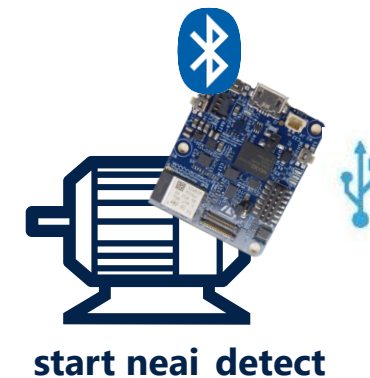
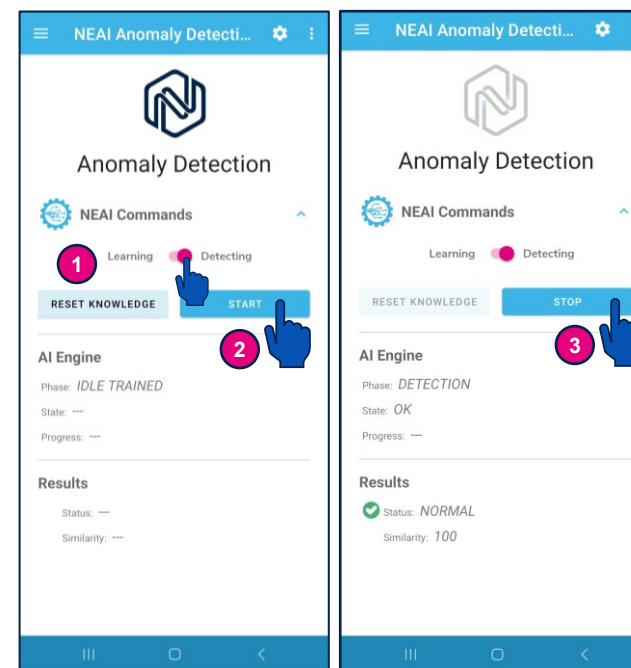
Run applications with NEAI Anomaly Detection

Run NEAI-AD Learning



```
FP-A1-PDMH8S0C !
Console command server
Type 'help' to view a list of registered commands.
$ start neai_learn
NanoEdgeAI: starting learn phase...
$ CTRL: ! This is a stubbed version, please install NanoEdge AI
NanoEdge AI: learn
{ "signal": 1, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 2, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 3, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 4, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 5, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 6, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 7, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 8, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 9, "state": "need more signals" }
{ "signal": 10, "state": "success" }
{ "signal": 11, "state": "success" }
{ "signal": 12, "state": "success" }
```

Run NEAI-AD Detection



```
$ start neai_detect
NanoEdgeAI: starting detect phase...
$ CTRL: ! This is a stubbed version, please install NanoEdge AI
NanoEdge AI: detect
{ "similarity": 0, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 1, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 2, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 3, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 4, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 5, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 6, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 7, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 8, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 9, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 10, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 11, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 12, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 13, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 14, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 15, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 16, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 17, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 18, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 19, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 20, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 21, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 22, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 23, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
{ "similarity": 24, "state": "success", "status": "anomaly" }
```

When the phase is IDLE, is mandatory to perform a new **LEARNING** phase before **DETECTING**, using the CLI or directly the BLE Sensor Classic App.

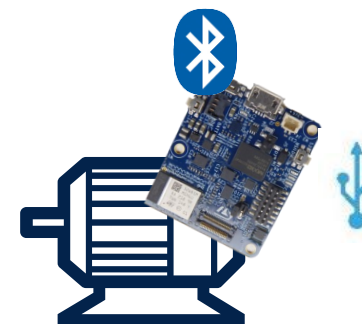
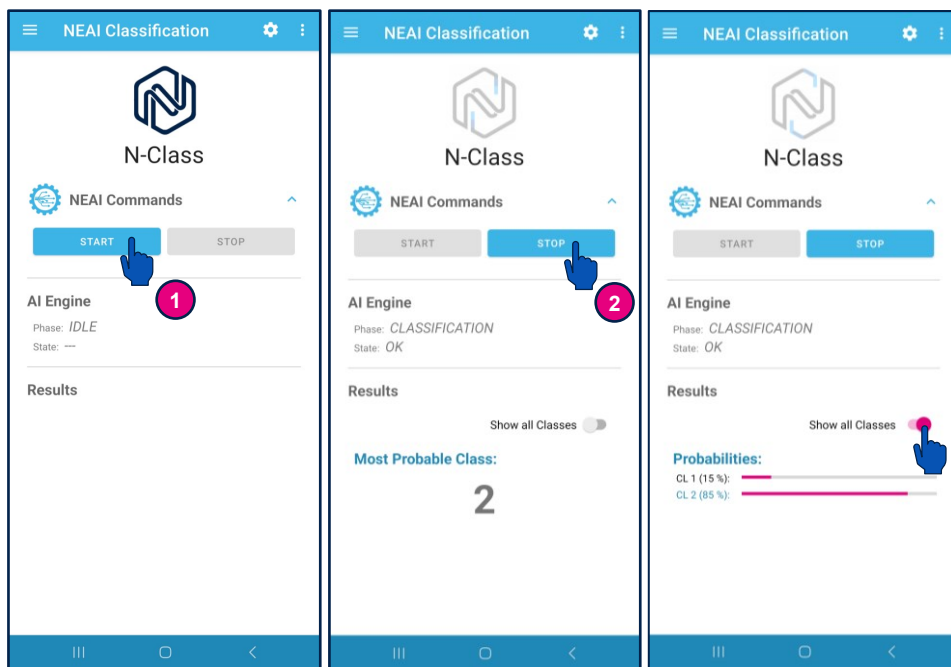
- ☐ Learn the normal modes on the edge
- ☐ Detect anomaly on your asset



Run N-Class classification by BLE or CLI

Run applications with NEAI- Nclass classification

Run NanoEdgeAI N-Class classification



start neai_learn

```
$ start neai_class
NanoEdgeAI: starting classification phase...
$ NanoEdge AI: classify
CTRL: ! Powered by NanoEdge AI library !
{"signal":1,"class":A}
{"signal":2,"class":A}
{"signal":3,"class":A}
{"signal":4,"class":A}
{"signal":5,"class":A}
{"signal":6,"class":A}
{"signal":7,"class":A}
{"signal":8,"class":A}
{"signal":9,"class":A}
{"signal":10,"class":B}
{"signal":11,"class":B}
{"signal":12,"class":B}
{"signal":13,"class":B}
{"signal":14,"class":B}
{"signal":15,"class":B}
```


3- Documents & Related Resources

Documents & Related Resources

All documents are available in the DESIGN tab of the related products webpage

❏ [STEVAL-PROTEUS1](#)

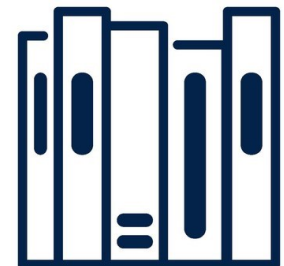
- ❖ [DB4641](#): Industrial sensor evaluation kit for condition monitoring based on the 2.4 GHz STM32WB5MMG module – HW Data brief Hardware
- ❖ [UM3000](#): Getting started with the STEVAL-PROTEUS1 evaluation kit for condition monitoring based on the 2.4 GHz STM32WB5MMG module – HW User Manual
- ❖ [Schematics](#), [BOM](#), [Gerber files](#), Certifications

❏ [FP-AI-PDMWBSOC](#)

- ❖ [DB4776](#): STM32Cube function pack for STEVAL-PROTEUS1 evaluation kit for anomaly detection based on artificial intelligence (AI) – SW Data brief
- ❖ [UM3069](#): Getting started with the STM32Cube function pack for STEVAL-PROTEUS1 evaluation kit for predictive maintenance application based on artificial intelligence (AI) – SW User Manual
- ❖ [QUICK START GUIDE](#): STM32Cube function pack for STEVAL-PROTEUS1 evaluation kit for predictive maintenance application based on artificial intelligence (AI)

❏ [SW TOOLS](#)

- ❖ [STBLEsensClassic](#) : ST BLE sensor Classic application for Android and iOS
- ❖ [NanoEdgeAIStudio](#): Automated Machine Learning (ML) tool for STM32 developers

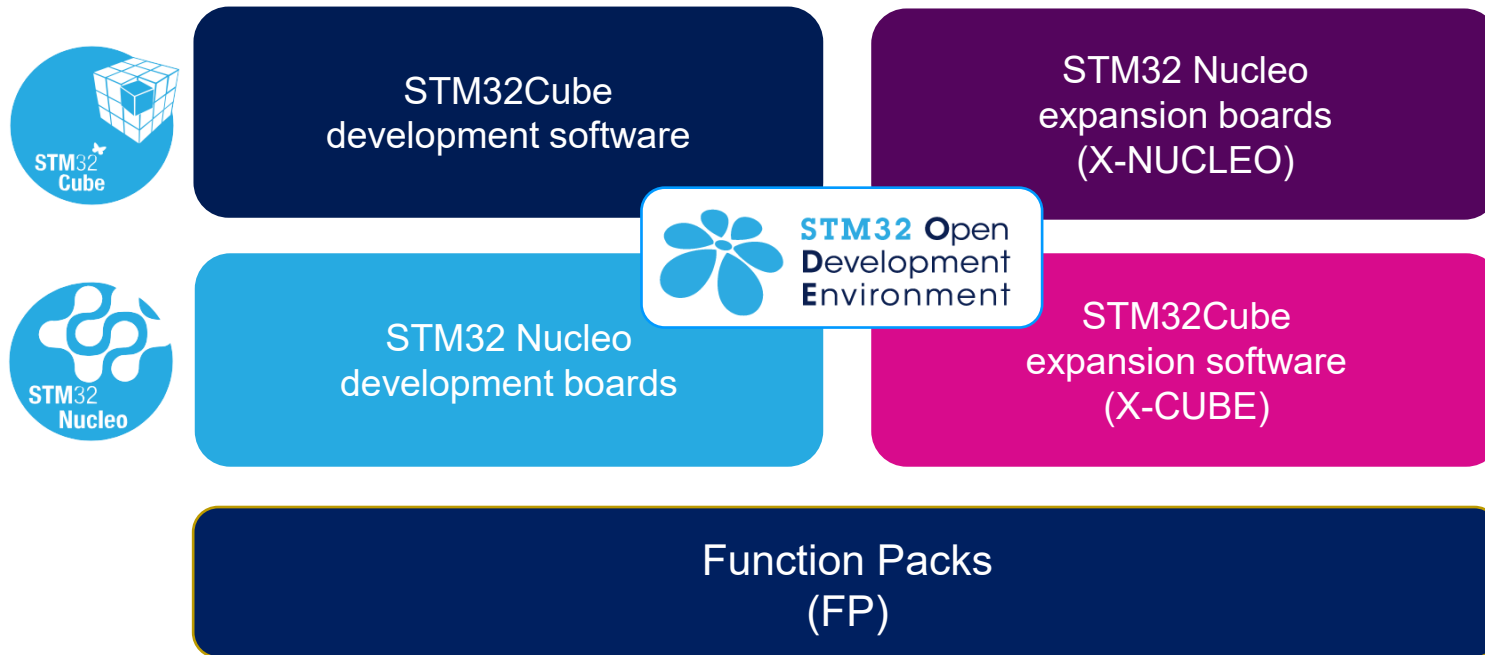


4- STM32 Open Development Environment: Overview

STM32 Open Development Environment

Fast, affordable Prototyping and Development

- The STM32 Open Development Environment (STM32 ODE) is an open, flexible, easy, and affordable way to develop innovative devices and applications based on the STM32 32-bit microcontroller family combined with other state-of-the-art ST components connected via expansion boards. It enables fast prototyping with leading-edge components that can quickly be transformed into final designs



For further information, please visit www.st.com/stm32ode

Our technology starts with You

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